

THE CREATIVE CHURCH MUSICIAN SERIES / VOL. 4

HOPE Publishing
The Creative Use of the
Since 1892 **Company**

Organ
Worship
HAL H. HOPSON

Code No. 8070

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Foreword

THE CREATIVE CHURCH MUSICIAN SERIES

This is Volume Four in a series of eight books created and designed by the distinguished composer/arranger Hal H. Hopson. We are fortunate that a church musician of the stature of Mr. Hopson has taken the time to collect and prepare the materials that make up this series. His willingness to share these tried-and-true suggestions comes from years of experience as a practitioner in The Presbyterian Church USA.

Since 1892

The books in this series are:

Code No.

- 1956 **The Creative Use of Handbells in Worship**
- 8282 **The Creative Use of Handbells in Worship: Book 2**
- 8013 **The Creative Use of Choirs in Worship**
- 8018 **The Creative Use of Descants in Worship**
- 8070 **The Creative Use of the Organ in Worship**
- 8071 **The Creative Use of Instruments in Worship**
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- 8217 **A Practical Guide to Arranging Music for Organ, Choir, Handbells, and Other Instruments**
- 8093 **The Complete Index for The Creative Church Musician Series**

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PUBLISHER'S STATEMENT

We were pleased to be selected as the publisher for this Creative Church Musician Series. These folios are packed with practical, helpful hints that are sure to enhance and enrich services of worship, through the medium of music. *Soli Deo Gloria!*

— The Publishers

The Creative Use of the Organ
in Worship

HOPE Publishing
by Company

Since 1892 HAL H. HOPSON

CONTENTS

Part One

Ways to Use the Organ Creatively in Worship

(A mini-course in improvising on hymntunes)

Modulations to The Doxology (Old Hundredth) III

Five Harmonizations of The Doxology VI

Twenty-one Ways to Improvise on Hymntunes for the Organ X

Ways to Improvise Interludes and Codas XXI

Part Two

The Creative Use of the Organ in Worship . . .XXII

(Organ setting possibilities for 254 hymntunes)

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The Creative Use of the Organ
in Worship

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Part One

Ways to Use the Organ Creatively in Worship

A mini-course in improvising on hymntunes for the organ for use in the service as preludes, offertories and postludes, hymn introductions, hymn interludes, hymn harmonizations, and hymn codas. Also included is a list of modulations from all keys to G Major for the singing of The Doxology (Old Hundredth) as well as five reharmonizations of The Doxology in both versions of note values.

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Modulations to The Doxology (Old Hundredth)

(From all keys to the key of G Major)

Hal H. Hopson

Key of C Major

Musical score for Key of C Major. The score consists of two staves: treble and bass. The key signature is C major (no sharps or flats). The music begins with a quarter note followed by eighth notes and sixteenth notes.

Key of A Minor

Musical score for Key of A Minor. The score consists of two staves: treble and bass. The key signature is A minor (one sharp). The music begins with a quarter note followed by eighth notes and sixteenth notes.

Key of D♭ Major

Musical score for Key of D♭ Major. The score consists of two staves: treble and bass. The key signature is D♭ major (two flats). The music begins with a quarter note followed by eighth notes and sixteenth notes.

Key of B♭ Minor

Musical score for Key of B♭ Minor. The score consists of two staves: treble and bass. The key signature is B♭ minor (two flats). The music begins with a quarter note followed by eighth notes and sixteenth notes.

Key of D Major

Musical score for Key of D Major. The score consists of two staves: treble and bass. The key signature is D major (no sharps or flats). The music begins with a quarter note followed by eighth notes and sixteenth notes.

Key of B Minor

Musical score for Key of B Minor. The score consists of two staves: treble and bass. The key signature is B minor (no sharps or flats). The music begins with a quarter note followed by eighth notes and sixteenth notes.

Key of E♭ Major

Musical score for Key of E♭ Major. The score consists of two staves: treble and bass. The key signature is E♭ major (two flats). The music begins with a quarter note followed by eighth notes and sixteenth notes.

Key of C Minor

Musical score for Key of C Minor. The score consists of two staves: treble and bass. The key signature is C minor (no sharps or flats). The music begins with a quarter note followed by eighth notes and sixteenth notes.

*Skip to the pickup of measure 3

Musical score for the Doxology section. The score consists of two staves: treble and bass. The key signature is G major (no sharps or flats). The music begins with a quarter note followed by eighth notes and sixteenth notes. The score includes dynamic markings and organ registration instructions:

- Measure 3: Man. Add (Pedal)
- Measure 4: Add
- Measure 5: Add (including 8', 4' Reeds)
- Measure 6: Add (including 16' Reed)
- Measure 7: Add

**In services where no modulation is necessary, an introduction to The Doxology may begin either on the pickup to measure 3 or the pickup to measure 5.

The image displays six staves of sheet music arranged in two columns. The left column contains three staves: Key of E Major at the top, Key of F Major in the middle, and Key of G Major at the bottom. The right column contains three staves: Key of C# Minor at the top, Key of D Minor in the middle, and Key of E Minor at the bottom. A large, semi-transparent watermark reading "HOPE Publishing Company Since 1892" is overlaid across the top half of the music. A diagonal watermark reading "PREVIEW COPY" and "OPTIONAL PERFORMANCE" is overlaid across the bottom half.

*Skip to the pickup of measure 3

**In services where no modulation is necessary, an introduction to The Doxology may begin either on the pickup to measure 3 or the pickup to measure 5.

Key of A♭ Major

Musical score for Key of A♭ Major. The score consists of two staves: Treble and Bass. The key signature is A♭ major (three flats). The music begins with a pickup followed by measure 1. The score includes a copyright notice: "© 2000 Hope Publishing Company, Carol Stream, IL 60188".

Key of F Minor

Musical score for Key of F Minor. The score consists of two staves: Treble and Bass. The key signature is F minor (one flat). The music begins with a pickup followed by measure 1.

Key of A Major

Musical score for Key of A Major. The score consists of two staves: Treble and Bass. The key signature is A major (no sharps or flats). The music begins with a pickup followed by measure 1.

Key of F♯ Minor

Musical score for Key of F♯ Minor. The score consists of two staves: Treble and Bass. The key signature is F♯ minor (one sharp). The music begins with a pickup followed by measure 1.

Key of B♭ Major

Musical score for Key of B♭ Major. The score consists of two staves: Treble and Bass. The key signature is B♭ major (two flats). The music begins with a pickup followed by measure 1.

Key of G Minor

Musical score for Key of G Minor. The score consists of two staves: Treble and Bass. The key signature is G minor (no sharps or flats). The music begins with a pickup followed by measure 1.

Key of B Major

Musical score for Key of B Major. The score consists of two staves: Treble and Bass. The key signature is B major (two sharps). The music begins with a pickup followed by measure 1.

Key of G♯ Minor

Musical score for Key of G♯ Minor. The score consists of two staves: Treble and Bass. The key signature is G♯ minor (one sharp). The music begins with a pickup followed by measure 1.

*Skip to the pickup of measure 3

Musical score for organ introduction. The score consists of two staves: Treble and Bass. The key signature is G major (one sharp). The score includes dynamic markings and pedal indications. Measure 3 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 5 starts with a forte dynamic. Pedal indications include "Ped." and "Man. Add".

**In services where no modulation is necessary, an introduction to The Doxology may begin either on the pickup to measure 3 or the pickup to measure 5.

Five Harmonizations of The Doxology

◆ **Hymntune: Old Hundredth**

In a progressively more complex harmonic structure (with the melodic line in quarter notes)

Attributed to Louis Bourgeois

Hal H. Hopson

1. Standard Harmonization

2.

3.

4.

5.

6.

Five Harmonizations of The Doxology

◆ **Hymntune: Old Hundredth**

In a progressively more complex harmonic structure (with half notes at the beginning of each phrase and at the cadences)

Attributed to Louis Bourgeois
Hal H. Hopson

1. Standard Harmonization

2.

3.

4.

A musical score for organ, page 4, featuring two staves. The top staff uses a treble clef and the bottom staff uses a bass clef. Both staves are in common time with a key signature of one sharp. Measures 1-8 show various note patterns, including eighth and sixteenth notes, with some measure endings indicated by short vertical lines.

5.

A musical score for organ, page 5, featuring two staves. The top staff uses a treble clef and the bottom staff uses a bass clef. Both staves are in common time with a key signature of one sharp. Measures 1-8 show various note patterns, including eighth and sixteenth notes, with some measure endings indicated by short vertical lines.

Twenty-one Ways to Improvise on Hymntunes for the Organ

INTRODUCTION

The ability to improvise on a hymntune can be learned! Believe it!

There are obvious degrees of natural ability in this area; however, by understanding and applying some basic rules and formulae, organists can surprise themselves (and their congregations) by a new, inspired service playing. This particularly applies to any part of the service relating to hymns, be it improvising a prelude as well as hymn introductions, interludes, reharmonizations, and codas.

The following *Twenty-one Ways to Improvise Hymntunes for the Organ* are arranged in a progressive order of difficulty. Beginning improvisers are encouraged to start by exhausting all the possibilities presented in Ways 1–4. When progressing to No. 5 and through No. 21, it may be helpful, at first, to notate the “improvisation”.

Under each of the 21 improvisatory techniques is listed other examples in Part II of this book that make use of the same technique. Organists are encouraged to study these carefully. Also listed are other hymntunes on which a particular technique can be developed.

Some old adages apply to the art of improvising on hymntues:

1. “Be prepared!” Have a definite, well-thought-through plan for your improvisation—in otherwords “planned spontaneity.”
2. “Practice makes perfect.” Practice, practice, practice your improvisation.
3. “Go and do likewise.” Study the techniques of other composers of hymntune settings. Apply their ideas to your own creativity.
4. “Know thyself” and “To thine own self be true.” Push the bounds of your own creativity in this area; however, at the same time, respect the limits of your own ability and comfort level.
5. “Nothing ventured, nothing gained.” This adage is one in particular that improvisers need to “take to heart!” Apply the ideas listed above; then take the risk. If what results is worthy, rejoice! If it is otherwise, learn from it and try to avoid the same pitfall the next time.

Happy improvising!

Hal H. Hopson

Twenty-one Ways to Improvise on Hymntunes for the Organ

(In a progressive order of difficulty)

1. THE HARMONIC TEXTURE IS THICKENED

- ◆ Best used on hymns of four phrases in harmonious four-part voicing.

TECHNIQUE: Play only the melody on the first phrase. On each successive phrase add the alto, tenor and bass parts. The bass part may be played in the pedal.

EXAMPLE:

Play only the soprano part

Play only the soprano and alto parts



Play only the soprano, alto and tenor parts Play all four parts



Hymntune *Festal Song*

William H. Walter

Other hymntunes in this book that make use, in part, of this technique for hymn introductions are *Abbot's Leigh*; *Ave virgo virginum* (*Gaudeteamus pariter*); *Carol*; *Christus, der ist mein Leben*; *Cranham*; *Down Ampney*; *Precious Name*; *Richmond*; *St. Columba*; *St. Magnus* and *Song 1*.

This technique is also effective on these hymn tunes: *Dennis*; *Kingdom*; *St. Michael*; *St. Stephen*; *Stuttgart* and *Winchester Old*.

2. THE HARMONY IS OMITTED ON SELECTED BEATS

- ◆ Best used on strong hymntunes with mostly quarter notes in the melody and harmony.

TECHNIQUE: Omit the harmony on selected beats. Judicious ties on the melodic line and the other parts throughout adds to the effectiveness of this technique.

EXAMPLE:

Omit the notes that are circled



Hymntune Stuttgart

Witt's *Psalmody Sacra*, 1715; alt.

This technique is also effective on these hymntunes: *Aurelia; Austrian Hymn; Beecher; Dexter; Dix; Ein' feste Burg; Ellacombe; Gelobt sei Gott; Hanover; Hendon; Lanchashire; Lauda anima; Llangloffan; Lobe den Herren; Lyons; Ratisbon; Regent Square and Winchester New.*

3. PASSING AND NEIGHBORING TONES

- ◆ Best used on strong hymntunes with mostly quarter notes in the melody and harmony.

TECHNIQUE: Add passing and neighboring tones to all four parts throughout.

EXAMPLE:

The musical example shows a hymntune in G major, 4/4 time. It features a soprano melody line with various note heads and stems, and three harmonic voices below it. The notation includes several eighth-note chords and some sixteenth-note figures, illustrating the addition of passing and neighboring tones to the original melody.

Hymntune *St. Anne*

Attributed to William Croft

This technique is also effective on these hymntunes: *Dix*; *Gelobt sei Gott*; *Llanfair*; *Rathbun*; *St. Theodulph* (*Valet will ich dir geben*); *Truro*; *Winchester New* and *Winchester Old*.

4. FLUTE STOP (8va)

- ◆ Best used on slower pentatonic and Early American hymntunes and plainsong tunes.

TECHNIQUE: Play only the melody on an 8' flute stop an octave higher. On the last phrase play all parts on an appropriate plenum.

EXAMPLE:

8' flute stop (Optional tremulant)

The musical example shows a hymntune in G major, 3/4 time. It features a soprano melody line with eighth-note patterns. The notation indicates that the melody should be played on an 8' flute stop an octave higher than the original pitch. A label 'Pleum (Tremulant off)' is shown near the end of the melody line.

Hymntune *Amazing Grace*

Virginia Harmony, 1831

Another hymntune in this book that makes use of this technique for a hymn introduction is *Resignation*.

This technique is also effective on these hymntunes: *Beach Spring*; *Bourbon*; *Charlestown*; *Conditor alme siderum*; *Divinum mysterium*; *Es ein' Ros'*; *Land of Rest*; *Lonesome Valley*; *Morning Song*; *Open My Eyes*; *Prospect*; *Sursum corda* (Smith) and *Emmanuel*.

5. THE INTERVAL OF A SECOND IS ADDED

- ◆ May be used on a variety of hymntunes, both lyrical and majestic.

TECHNIQUE: Analyze the chord structures of the hymn harmonization and determine when a second can be added to any of the upper three parts.

EXAMPLE:

The musical example shows a hymntune in E major, 4/4 time. It features a soprano melody line with eighth-note chords. The notation illustrates the addition of a second interval to the melody line, particularly in the middle section where the melody becomes more harmonic.

Hymntune *Herzliebster Jesu*

Johann Crüger

This technique is also effective on these hymntunes: *Bread of Life*; *Diademata*; *Duke Street*; *Hyfrydol*; *Land of Rest*; *Lobe den Herren*; *Madrid*; *Nicaea*; *Picardy*; *St. Anne*; *Were You There and What a Friend*.

6. OPEN FIFTHS AND OCTAVES AS AN ACCOMPANIMENTAL DEVICE

- ◆ Best used on hymns with an intrinsic rhythm. Many folk song tunes and carols are effective in this regard.

TECHNIQUE: Establish a repeating rhythmic pattern in the left hand of open fifths (tonic and dominant) and octaves. Pedal can also be incorporated into this idea.

EXAMPLE:

Hymntune *Psalm 42*

Genevan Psalter, 1551

(For complete setting of the example above see page 44).

Other hymntunes in this book that make use, in part, of this technique are: *Gloria* (Introduction) and *The First Nowell* (Introduction and Selected Stanzas).

This technique is also effective on these hymntunes: *Bereden väg för Herran*; *Boundless Mercy*; *Deo gracias*; *Kingsford*; *Lacquiparle*; *Lonesome Valley*; *Simple Gifts* and *Puer nobis nascitur*.

7. TWO-PART CANON WITH PEDALPOINT

- ◆ Best used on hymns that may be sung as a canon and on pentatonic hymntunes.

TECHNIQUE: Sustain the tonic as a pedalpoint on the lowest available note in the pedal. The right hand plays the hymntune, one measure later the left hand plays the hymntune against the right hand one octave lower. (For ease of playing, these settings may easily be written out by organists).

EXAMPLE:

Hymntune *Land of Rest*

American folk melody

This technique is also effective on these hymntunes: *Amazing Grace*; *Argentina*; *Beach Spring*; *Boundless Mercy*; *Bourbon*; *By the Waters of Babylon*; *Christus, der ist mein Leben*; *Dix*; *Forest Green*; *Holy Manna*; *Kingsfold*; *Lacquiparle*; *Normandy*; *Nun danket alle Gott*; *Puer nobis nascitur*; *Samanthra*; *Shalom, Chaverim!*; *Slane*; *Tallis' Canon*; *Terra beata*; *Tokyo*; *Toulon* and *Truro*.

8. SEE-SAW PATTERNS

- ◆ *Best used on straightforward, forceful hymntunes.*

TECHNIQUE: Play a two-note “see-saw” pattern in the middle-to-upper range of the bass clef.

The two combinations of notes that are the most effective are either the root and second or the fifth and sixth degrees of the scale. Break this pattern occasionally with diatonic runs and some variances in the rhythm.

EXAMPLE:

A musical score example for "Old 113th". It consists of two staves. The top staff is in treble clef, G major, and 3/4 time. The bottom staff is in bass clef, C major, and 3/4 time. The instruction "Man." is above the treble staff, and "No Ped." is below the bass staff. The music features a continuous two-note "see-saw" pattern on the bass clef staff, primarily between the notes A and B. The treble staff provides harmonic support with sustained notes and occasional chords.

Hymntune *Old 113th*

Attributed to Matthäus Greiter

(For complete setting of the example above see page 110).

Other hymntunes in this book that make use, in part, of this technique for hymn introductions are *Adeste Fideles*; *Allein Gott in der Höh*; *Ellacombe*; *Mit Freuden,zart*; *Rathbun*; and *Winchester Old*.

This technique is also effective on these hymntunes: *Aurelia*; *Coronation*; *Diademata*; *Dix*; *Hanover*; *Lobe den Herren*; *Madrid*; *Truro*; *Winchester Abbey* and *Winchester New*.

9. A CONTINUOUSLY MOVING BASS LINE

- ◆ *May be used on almost any metered hymntune.*

TECHNIQUE (Simplest application): The right hand plays chords with the melody as the top note. The left hand spins out a single line in faster moving note values in contrast to the hymntune. Occasional changes of note values add to the variety.

EXAMPLE:

A musical score example for "Wareham". It consists of two staves. The top staff is in treble clef, G major, and 3/4 time. The bottom staff is in bass clef, C major, and 3/4 time. The instruction "Man." is above the treble staff, and "No Ped." is below the bass staff. The bass staff shows a continuous line of eighth and sixteenth notes, while the treble staff provides harmonic support with chords. The instruction "Plenum with 16', 8', 4' reeds" is written above the treble staff.

Hymntune *Wareham*

William Knapp

(For complete setting of the example above see page 117).

Other hymntunes in this book that make use, in part, of this technique for hymn introductions are *America*; *Duke Street*; *Ellacombe*; *Hanover*; *Lobe den Herren*; *Lyons*; *Old 124th*; *St. Catherine*; *St. George's Windsor*; *Salzburg*; *Wareham*; *Winchester New* and *Winchester Old*.

TECHNIQUE (More complex application): The right hand plays chords with the melody on top. The left hand adds two or three notes to provide a full sound to the chord. The pedal keeps a moving diatonic line throughout.

EXAMPLE:

A musical score example for "Truro". It consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef, G major, and 3/4 time. The middle staff is in bass clef, C major, and 3/4 time. The bottom staff is the pedal (organ stop) staff. The instruction "Man." is above the treble staff, and "Ped." is below the bass staff. The bass staff shows a continuous line of eighth and sixteenth notes, while the treble staff provides harmonic support with chords. The pedal staff shows a steady stream of notes. The instruction "etc." is at the end of the score.

Hymntune *Truro*

Thomas Williams

(For complete setting of the above see page 169).

The Techniques listed above both (Simplest application) and (More complex application) are also effective on these hymntunes: *Aurelia; Madrid; Truro* and *Winchester Abbey*.

10. ALTERNATE TEXTURES

- ◆ Best used on hymntunes with phrases that have clearly defined lengths.

TECHNIQUE: Play the first phrase either in the treble or bass clef using one, two, or three notes with the melody on top. The second phrase is played using all four parts in the hymnal with the bass part played in the pedal. Alternate in this fashion throughout the hymn.

EXAMPLE:

A musical score for Hymntune *Ratisbon*. It consists of four staves. The top staff is labeled "I - Trumpet" and shows a single note. The second staff is labeled "II - Plenum" and shows a sustained note. The third staff is labeled "III - Organ" and shows a sustained note. The bottom staff is labeled "IV - Pedal" and shows a sustained note. The score is in common time, key signature of A major (two sharps), and includes a repeat sign and a section labeled "etc." at the end.

Hymntune *Ratisbon*

J. G. Werner's *Choralbuch*, 1851

(For complete setting of the example above see page 120).

Other hymntunes in this book that make use, in part, of this technique for hymn introductions are *Aus der Tiefe rufe ich/Heinlein; Austrian Hymn; Beecher; Bereden väg för Herran; Bryn Calfaria; Henden; Lasst uns erfreuen; Laudes Domini; Liebster Jesu (Dessau); Llanfair; Nun danket; Plainfield* and *Ratisbon*.

This technique is also effective on these hymntunes: *Antioch; Aurelia; CWM Rhondda; Darwall's 148th; Gloria; Rhosymedre; St. Anne; Stuttgart; Vruechten* and *Were You There*.

11. QUARTAL HARMONY

- ◆ Best used on strong hymntunes that make use of arpeggiated figures in the melody.

TECHNIQUE: Play a three note pattern in the right hand with the melody on top with all intervals a fourth apart. Caution: use sparingly. Establish a pedalpoint in the left hand and/or pedal. This helps diffuse the stark quartal chords in the right hand.

EXAMPLE:

A musical score for Hymntune *Darwall's 148th*. It consists of four staves. The top staff is labeled "Man." and shows a three-note arpeggiated figure. The second staff is labeled "Ped." and shows a sustained note. The third staff is labeled "Organ" and shows a sustained note. The bottom staff is labeled "Bass" and shows a sustained note. The score is in common time, key signature of A major (two sharps), and includes a repeat sign and a section labeled "etc." at the end.

Hymntune *Darwall's 148th*

John Darwall

(For a complete setting of the example above see page 24).

This technique is also effective on these hymntunes: *Aurelia; Coronation; Diademata; Duke Street; Easter Hymn; Festal Song; Marion; Richmond* and *Sine Nomine*.

12. OPENING PHRASE OF THE HYMNTUNE IS PLAYED IN THE BASS CLEF

- ◆ Best used on hymntunes with the last note of the phrase ending on either the tonic or dominant degree of the scale.

TECHNIQUE: Play the melody of the first phrase of the hymn in the bass clef on just the manual or manual and pedal. Sustain the last note of the phrase as a pedalpoint to the playing of the second phrase on the manual. Generally alternate in that fashion throughout the hymn with some variance in this pattern for interest.

EXAMPLE:

Hymntune *Regent Square*

Henry Thomas Smart

(For complete setting of the example above see page 121).

Other hymntunes in this book that make use, in part, of this technique for hymn introductions are: *In Babilone; Munich; Nicaea; Russian Hymn; St. Denio/Joanna; St. Anne; Truro and Unser Herrscher*.

This technique is also effective on these hymntunes: *Coronation; Ein' feste Burg; Forest Green; Gelobt sei Gott; Mit Freuden zart; Munich; Puer nobis nascitur; Rathbun and Wachet auf.*

13. PEDALPOINT THROUGHOUT

- ◆ Best used on slow, lyrical hymntunes with no (or few) accidentals.

TECHNIQUE: Play the melody in the right hand on a solo stop. The left hand plays appropriate accompanying chords with a pedalpoint played in the pedal on the lowest possible tonic note.

EXAMPLE:

Hymntune *Rockingham*

from *Second Supplement to Psalmody in Miniature*, 1783

(For the complete setting of the example above see *Rockingham* (Introduction) page 127).

This technique is also effective on these hymntunes: *Cranham; Dix; Ellacombe; Herzliebster Jesu; Mueller; Puer nobis nascitur; Redhead 76; St. Flavian; Stuttgart; Tempus adest floridum; Terra beata and Were You There.*

14. BICINIUM (Two-part)

- ◆ May be used on almost all hymntunes.

TECHNIQUE: Play the melody either in the treble or bass clef. Play a contrasting counter-melody in the other clef. Make use of sequences and shorter note values to create a contrast to the melody of the hymntune.

EXAMPLE:

A musical example in 4/4 time. The top staff (treble clef) has a melody consisting of eighth and sixteenth notes. The bottom staff (bass clef) has a steady eighth-note bass line. The notation continues with a repeat sign and a bass note, followed by a bass line and a treble line. The word "etc." is written at the end of the staff.

Hymntune *Ein' feste Burg*

Martin Luther

(For complete setting of the example above see page 34).

This technique is also effective on these hymntunes: *Antioch; Diademata; Gloria; Hamburg; Judas Maccabeus; Llanfair; Marion; Redhead 76; Stuttgart; Truro; Tempus adest floridum; Une jeune pucelle* and *Wondrous Love*.

15. OSTINATO

- ◆ Best used on a strong, majestic hymntune in $\frac{4}{4}$ time.

TECHNIQUE (Simplest application): Establish a one measure ostinato pattern in the left hand. The right hand plays mostly triads of various inversions with the melody on top.

EXAMPLE:

A musical example in 2/2 time. The top staff (treble clef) shows a single eighth note followed by a rest. The bottom staff (bass clef) shows a bass line. The notation continues with a bass line and a treble line. The word "etc." is written at the end of the staff. A bracket labeled "Man." covers the first measure, and a bracket labeled "simile" covers the second measure. The instruction "No Ped." is written below the bass staff.

Hymntune *Nun danket all' und bringet Ehr'*

Johann Crüger

(For complete setting of the example above see page 101).

TECHNIQUE (Complex application): Establish a one measure ostinato pattern in the pedal. The right and left hands provide a harmonization of the hymntune with the melody on top.

EXAMPLE:

A musical example in 4/4 time. The top staff (treble clef) has a melody. The middle staff (bass clef) has a bass line. The bottom staff (pedal clef) has a steady eighth-note bass line. The notation continues with a bass line and a treble line. The word "etc." is written at the end of the staff. A bracket labeled "Man." covers the first measure, and a bracket labeled "Ped." covers the second measure. The instruction "(Pedal detached throughout)" is written below the bass staff.

Hymntune *Foundation*

American folk melody

(For complete setting of the example above see *Foundation* (Introduction) page 41).

Another hymntune in this book that makes use of this technique for a hymn introduction is *Aurelia*.

The techniques listed above both (Simplest application) and (Complex application) are also effective on these hymntunes: *Adeste fideles; CWM Rhondda; Dix; Easter Hymn; Gloria; Go, Tell it on The Mountain; Helmsley; Hyfrydol; Lacquiparle; Llanfair; Mendelssohn; Regent Square; St. Denio/Joanna; Simple Gifts and Truro*.

16. MOVING SIXTHS IN THE LEFT HAND

◆ *Best used on slow, lyrical hymntunes.*

TECHNIQUE: The melody is played in the right hand on a solo stop. The left hand moves in sixths (see below) with varying rhythms. Either the tonic or dominant is sustained in the pedal.

EXAMPLE:

Hymntune *Pentecost* (Boyd)

William Boyd

(For complete setting of the example above see page 113).

This technique is also effective on these hymntunes: *Amazing Grace; Cranham; Crimond; Martyrdom; Maryton; Quebec; Redhead 76; Resignation; Rockingham; St. Agnes; St. Columba; Stille Nacht; Still, Still, Still; Tempus adest floridum* and *Wareham*.

17. “WALKING” BASS AND LEFT HAND PART

◆ *Best used on slow, lyrical hymntunes.*

TECHNIQUE: The right hand plays the hymntune on a solo stop with light ornamentation. The left hand and bass provide a “walking” part which changes chords on most of the beats of the measure. The left hand plays the fifth and third of each chord (see below) while the bass plays the root. Some variance at the cadences adds variety.

Hymntune *Amazing Grace*

American folk hymn

(For the complete setting of the example above see page 4).

This technique is also effective on these hymntunes: *Ar hyd y nos; Cranham; Crimond; Martyrdom; Maryton; Quebec; Redhead 76; Resignation; Rockingham; St. Agnes; St. Columba; Stille Nacht; Still, Still, Still; Tempus adest floridum* and *Wareham*.

18. TRIO

◆ Best used on slower, lyrical hymntunes.

TECHNIQUE: The right hand plays the melody on a distinctive solo stop (or combination of stops such as mutations). The left hand improvises a countermelody based on the alto and tenor parts using a contrasting registration. Develop moving sequences to add interest and energy. The bass part is played in the pedal on the lowest possible note.

EXAMPLE:

The musical score consists of three staves. The top staff, labeled 'Man. I', has a treble clef and contains a simple melody of eighth and sixteenth notes. The middle staff, labeled 'Man. II', has a bass clef and contains a more complex, eighth-note-based countermelody. The bottom staff, labeled 'Ped.', has a bass clef and shows sustained notes on the lowest possible note, indicated by a 'P' and a dot. The score ends with 'etc.'

Hymntune *St. Elizabeth/Crusader's Hymn/Schönster Herr Jesu*

Silesian folk melody

This technique is also effective on these hymntunes: *Crimond; Duke Street; Gelobt sei Gott; Hyfrydol; More Love to Thee; Rathbun; Still, Still, Still; Tempus adest floridum* and *Truro*.

19. ORNAMENTED MELODY

◆ Best used on slow, lyrical hymntunes.

TECHNIQUE: The simplest adaptation of this technique is for the right hand to play the melody on a solo stop with slight ornamentation. On a secondary manual the left hand plays the alto and tenor parts and the bass part is played in the pedal. For a more complex adaptation of this technique vary the harmony and rhythm in the left hand and pedal.

EXAMPLE:

The musical score consists of three staves. The top staff, labeled 'Man. I - Solo stop', has a treble clef and shows a melody with grace notes. The middle staff, labeled 'Man. II - Accompanying stops', has a bass clef and shows harmonic basso continuo. The bottom staff, labeled 'Ped.', has a bass clef and shows sustained notes on the lowest possible note. The score ends with 'etc.'

Hymntune *St. Margaret*

Albert Lister Peace

(For the complete setting of the example above see page 142).

Other hymntunes in this book that make use, in part, of this technique for hymn introductions are *Merle's Tune; Rest and St. Christopher*.

This technique is also effective on these hymntunes: *Bread of Life; Crimond; Lonesome Valley; Martyrdom; Olivet; Redhead 76; Rockingham; St. Agnes; St. Catherine and Trentham*.

20. FRENCH TOCCATA

- ◆ *Best used with strong, stately hymntunes.*

TECHNIQUE (Simplest application): Develop a single line, repeating pattern in the right hand. Break the pattern occasionally for variety. The left hand plays the hymntune in the bass clef range.

EXAMPLE:

Hymntune *Forest Green* English folk melody

(For complete setting of the example above see page 40).

Another hymntune in this book that makes use, in part, of this technique for a hymn introduction is *Helmsley*.

TECHNIQUE (More complex application): Develop a repeating pattern of two or more notes in the right hand. Break the pattern occasionally for variety. The melody is played by the left hand or by both the left hand and pedal.

EXAMPLE:

Hymntune *Puer nobis nascitur* 15th century German tune

(For complete setting of the example above see page 118).

Other hymntunes in this book that make use, in part, of this technique for hymn introductions are *Leoni*; *O filii et filiae*; *Puer nobis nascitur* and *Toulon*.

This technique is also effective on these hymntunes: *Adeste fideles*; *Antioch*; *Darwall's 148th*; *Dix*; *Duke Street*; *Ein' feste Burg*; *Festal Song*; *Gelobt sei Gott*; *Hyfrydol*; *Leoni*; *Llanfair*; *Marion*; *Mendelssohn*; *Rathbun* and *Truro*.

21. A DRAMATIC ALTERATION OF THE HARMONY

- ◆ *May be used on all types of hymntunes, particularly those with an abundance of quarter notes in both the melody and the harmony.*

TECHNIQUE: Analyze the potential chord possibilities for each note of the melody. Generally the initial chord and the chord at the end of cadences will be more conventional.

EXAMPLE:

Hymntune *St. George's Windsor*

George J. Elvey

(For the complete setting of the example above see page 137).

Other hymntunes in this book that make use, in part, of this technique are the reharmonizations to *Hyfrydol; Hymn to Joy; Lasst uns erfreun; Lobe den Herren; Lyons; Mit Freuden zart; Nicaea; Nun danket; Nun Danket all' und bringet Ehr'; Regent Square; St. Agnes; St. Denio/Joanna; St. Louis; St. Peter; Stuttgart; Winchester Old* and the introduction to *Woodworth*.

This technique is also effective on these hymntunes: *Aurelia; Italian Hymn; Marion* and *St. Anne*.

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Ways to Improvise Interludes and Codas

Organ interludes before the last stanza and codas after the last stanza add interest and excitement to many hymns, particularly those of a more forceful, majestic nature. One way to add this extra touch to a hymn is simply to play the last phrase after the stanza is sung. In playing interludes, it is important for the organist to begin playing the interlude before the congregation has a chance to breath to begin singing the next stanza. For more interludes and codas it is advisable to add stops for a sudden burst of brilliance and excitement.

Interludes and/or codas may be added to the following hymntunes: *Antioch; Austrian Hymn; Bereden väg för Herran; Gelobt sei Gott; Gloria; In dulci jubilo; Land of Rest; Lauda anima; Laudes Domini; Llanfair; Lobe den Herren; Madrid; Personent hodie; St. George's Windsor; Simple Gifts; Sine Nomine; Unser Herrscher* and *Wie lieblich ist der Maien*.

More elaborate interludes and codas may be improvised or notated. Fragments from the hymntune may be incorporated into these settings. An example of this as follows:

Hymntune *Antioch*

Attributed to George F. Handel

Other hymntunes in this book that make use of this technique are *Azmon; CWM Rhondda; Darwall's 148th; Dix; Holy Manna; Lyons; Marion; Melita; St. Catherine* and *Ratisbon*.

The Creative Use of the Organ
HOPE Publishing
in Worship
by
Since 1892
HAL H. HOPSON

Part Two

(Organ setting possibilities for 254 hymntunes)

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Part Two

Creative Use of the Organ in Worship

Part II of this book has either notated or written instructions for the use of the organ in hymn introductions, interludes, reharmonizations, and codas. Most of the book is scored for the organ; however, the settings, with minor adjustments, can be played on other keyboards such as the piano and synthesizer.

Most of the hymns are in standard keys found in most hymnals. If the keys of this book are problematic with a given hymnal, it is suggested that organists either find the appropriate key in another hymnal or copy the hymn in the desired key.

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There has been an attempt to synchronize the keys of this resource with the other books in THE CREATIVE CHURCH MUSICIAN SERIES. This will prove to be helpful in using these resources to the fullest with choirs, descants, handbells and other instruments.

Organists, in particular, will want to know of the resource *A COMPLETE INDEX (The Creative Church Musician Series)*, Code 8093. This book provides a crossreference for all five books by hymntune name. The five books are:

- The Creative Use of Handbells in Worship (1956)
- The Creative Use of Descants in Worship (8018)
- The Creative Use of Choirs in Worship (8013)
- The Creative Use of the Organ in Worship (8070)
- The Creative Use of Instruments in Worship (8071)

Most of the suggested interludes or codas can be used for either purpose whether that option is suggested or not.

Very few suggestions are indicated regarding dynamics and organ registrations. These decisions are left to the discretion of the organist.

Some suggestions for the creative use of this book:

1. Organ service music (preludes, offertories, music during communion, interludes, postludes, and codas) may be developed by combining the ideas given for one, two or more of the hymntunes.
2. The reharmonizations, and some of the introductions can serve as accompaniments for soloists, ensembles, or choirs (in unison) singing a hymn stanza.
3. If the introduction is too long, in most instances, it can be shortened by leaving out some of the middle phrases and skipping to the final phrase.
4. Treble solo instruments can easily play the top note to most of the settings. Flutes should play up an octave. If played by a B♭ Trumpet, the part would need to be transposed one whole step higher.

◆ ABBOT'S LEIGH

Cyril Vincent Taylor

◆ *Introduction*

Measures 1–8 Play the soprano part only
Measures 9–16 Add the alto part
Measures 17–24 Add the tenor part
Measures 25–32 Add the bass part in pedal

◆ *Interlude (Add stops)*

Measures 25–28 Soprano only
Measures 29–32 Play all parts (bass part in pedal)

♦ ABERYSTWYTH

◆ *Introduction* Since 1892

Joseph Parry

Measures 1–4 Man. I - Accompanying stops only
Measures 5–8 Man. I - Accompanying stops; Man. II - Solo melody
Measures 9–12 Man. I - Accompanying stops only
Measures 13–16 Man. I - Accompanying stops; Man. II - Solo melody

♦ ADESTE FIDELES

◆ *Introduction*

**Man. I - Plenum with
Mix. and 16', 8', 4' reeds**

Man. II - Plenum (Δ 16' stops)

Mix. and 10, 8, + reeds

Man. II - Flentum (+ 10 stops)

Ped. out

Man. I

+Ped.

◆ *Interlude*

Man. Full

Ped.

◆ AGINCOURT HYMN, see DEO GRACIAS

◆ ALL IS WELL

Nineteenth-century American folk melody

◆ *Introduction*

Measures 1–4 Play the melody on a solo trumpet stop, without accompaniment

Measures 5–8 Play all four parts on a plenum registration

Pickup to measure 9–12 Add stops to plenum

Pickup to measure 13–14 Play the melody on a solo trumpet stop, without accompaniment

Measures 15–16 Add more stops to plenum

◆ ALLEIN GOTT IN DER HÖH

Nickolaus Decius

Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

Man. I - Plenum with
Mix., and 16', 8', 4' reeds

, Man. II - Plenum (No 16' stops)

Ped. out

◆ *Interlude*

Plenum with Mix.,
16', 8', 4' reeds

Ped. out

+Ped.

◆ AMAZING GRACE

American folk hymn
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

I Solo stop

II Accompanying stops

Ped.

Ped.

◆ *Reharmonization for Selected Stanzas*

Man.

Ped.

Ped.

♦ AMERICA

from *Thesaurus Musicus* (1744)
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

♦ *Introduction*

Manual only

Since 1892

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♦ ANGEL'S SONG

Arthur Henry Mann

♦ *Introduction*

- Right hand - Play melody on solo stop
- Left hand - Play alto and tenor parts, tie unison notes.
- Pedal - Play the bass part

◆ ANTIOCH

Arranged from G. F. Handel by Lowell Mason
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

Since 1892

◆ *Interlude*

◆ AR HYD Y NOS

Traditional Welsh melody

◆ *Introduction*

Measures 1–4 Play only the soprano and alto parts, an octave higher on an 8' flute

Measures 5–8 Play all four parts on the pitches where notated with a sonorous registration of 8' stops. Tie all unison notes except those of the melody.

Measures 9–12 Same as measures 1–4

Measures 13–16 Same as measures 5–8

◆ *Selected Stanzas*

Right hand - Play the alto part an octave higher

Left hand - Play the tenor part. Tie all unison notes.

Pedal - Play the bass part. Tie all unison notes.

◆ ARGENTINA or CANTO DE ESPERANZA

Argentine folk melody
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction and Selected stanzas*

The sheet music consists of six staves of musical notation for organ. The first staff has a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. It includes dynamic markings such as p (piano) and f (forte). The second staff has a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The third staff has a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The fourth staff has a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The fifth staff has a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The sixth staff has a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. A large, semi-transparent watermark reading "HOPE Publishing Company Since 1892" is overlaid across the top half of the page. A diagonal watermark reading "FOR REVIEW COPY NOT FOR PROMOTIONAL USE ONLY" is overlaid diagonally across the entire page.

◆ ASSURANCE
Piano Setting

Phoebe P. Knapp
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction and Selected Stanzas*

Piano

Hymntune ***mf***

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◆ AURELIA

Samuel S. Wesley
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

"The Chruch's One Foundation Is Jesus Christ Our Lord" is the text associated with this tune.
The ground bass in the pedal reinforces this Christian doctrine.

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◆ *Interlude*

Man.

Ped.

◆ *Reharmonization*

Man.

Ped.

◆ AUS DER TIEFE Rufe Ich or HEINLEIN

◆ *Introduction*

Measures 1–2 Play only melody
 Measures 3–4 Play all four parts
 Measures 5–6 Play only melody
 Measures 7–8 Play all four parts

◆ AUSTRIAN HYMN

Franz Joseph Haydn
 Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

Since 1892

Man. I { Reeds 16', 8', 4'
Ped.

II - Plenum

I, II

Add (Mix. and reeds)

◆ *Interlude*

Man. {
Ped.

◆ AVE VIRGO VIRGINUM or GAUDEAMUS PARITER

◆ *Introduction*

Measures 1–4 Play only the soprano part
 Measures 5–8 Add the alto part
 Measures 9–12 Add the tenor part
 Measures 13–16 Add bass part in the pedal

◆ AWAY IN A MANGER or MUELLER

James R. Murray

◆ *Introduction*

First phrase - Play only the soprano and alto parts, an octave higher on an 8' flute.

Second phrase - Play all four parts on the pitches where notated with a sonorous registration of 8' stops.

Third phrase - Same as the first phrase

Fourth phrase - Same as the second phrase

◆ AZMON

Carl G. Gläser; arranged by Lowell Mason
Setting by Hal H. Hopson◆ *Introduction*

Since 1892

Man. {
Ped. out

+Ped.

◆ *Interlude* - (May be played between some or all of the stanzas and as a coda after the last stanza.)

(Last note of stanza)

Organ
f
(Ped. out)

◆ *Reharmonization*

Man. {
Ped.

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◆ BATTLE HYMN OF THE REPUBLIC

Nineteenth-century American campmeeting tune

◆ *Introduction*

First phrase - Play only the soprano and alto parts on a trumpet stop

Second phrase - Plenum

Third phrase - Same as first phrase

Fourth phrase - Plenum

Refrain - Add stops

◆ BEECHER

John Zundel

Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

◆ Reharmonization

Fine

◆ BEREDEN VÄG FÖR HERRAN

Then Svenska Psalmboken, 1697

◆ Introduction

First four-measure phrase - Play only the soprano part (preferably on a trumpet stop)

Second four-measure phrase - Play all four parts on a plenum

Third four-measure phrase - Play only the soprano part (preferably on a trumpet stop)

Refrain - Plenum (add appropriate stops)

◆ BOUNDLESS MERCY

Union Harmony, 1837

Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ Introduction and Selected Stanzas

Hymntune (for selected stanzas)

14 Melody continues to be sung for 14 measures.

14 Melody continues to be played from the hymnal for 14 measures.

No Ped.

Play this pattern in the left hand 14 times.

◆ BOYLSTON

Lowell Mason

◆ *Introduction*

- First phrase - Play only soprano and alto
- Second phrase - Play only soprano and tenor
- Third and fourth phrases - Play all four parts (bass part in pedal)

◆ BRADBURY

William Batchelder Bradbury

◆ *Introduction*

- Man. - Play soprano, alto and tenor parts, tie all unison notes, except those in the melody
- Ped. - Sustain a pedalpoint throughout on the lowest E♭ on a soft, appropriate registration

◆ BREAD OF LIFE Since 1892

William F. Sherwin

◆ *Introduction*

- Man. I - Play the melody on a solo stop
- Man. II - Play the alto and tenor parts, tie all unison notes
- Ped. - Play the bass part

◆ BRYN CALFARIA

William Owen

Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Interlude*

Man. { (Last chord of stanza)

Ped.

◆ BUNESSAN

Traditional Gaelic melody
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

Man. { Plenum
Ped.

Since 1892

◆ *Reharmonization*

Hymntune

Organ

Man.

Ped.

The musical score is composed of six systems of organ music. The notation includes various note values (eighth, sixteenth, thirty-second), rests, and dynamic markings like p (piano) and f (fortissimo). The bass staff features sustained notes with grace notes. The alto staff uses eighth-note patterns with grace notes. The treble staff includes sixteenth-note chords and sustained notes with grace notes. The score concludes with a final system where the bass staff ends with a fermata over a sustained note.

◆ CAITHNESS

Scottish Psalter, 1635

◆ *Introduction*

Man. - Play soprano, alto and tenor parts, tie all unison notes except those in the melody
 Ped. - Sustain a pedalpoint throughout on a soft, appropriate registration. If the hymn is in E♭, play the lowest E♭. If the hymn is in D, play the lowest D.

◆ CANONBURY

◆ *Introduction*

Man. I - Play the melody on a solo stop
 Man. II - Play the alto and tenor parts, tie all unison notes
 Ped. - Play the bass part

◆ *Selected Stanza*

Man. I - Play the alto and soprano parts
 Man. II - Play the tenor part on a louder registration (loud solo stop if possible)
 Ped. - Play the bass part

◆ CANTAD AL SEÑOR or O SING TO THE LORD

Brazilian folk melody
 Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction and Selected Stanzas* (May be played on organ, piano, appropriate keyboard synthesizer voice, or other suited keyboard instrument.)

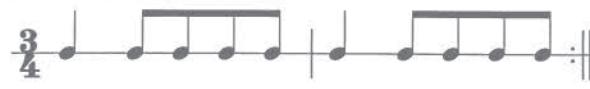
Em
 Piano and/or organ

(When played on the organ, the root of each chord may be sustained in the pedal on the lowest possible note and repeated on the downbeat of each measure for rhythmic interest.

Drums (High and low)



Maracas or tambourine



◆ CANTO DE ESPERANZA see ARGENTINA

◆ CAROL

◆ *Introduction*

First line - Play the soprano part
 Second line - Add the alto part
 Third line - Add the tenor part
 Fourth line - Add the bass part in the pedal

Richard Storrs Willis

◆ CHARLESTOWN

◆ *Introduction*

First phrase - Play only the melody as notated in the treble clef
 Second phrase - Play only the melody an octave lower
 Third and fourth phrases - Play all parts

◆ CHEREPONI

Ghanaian folk melody, notated by Tom Colvin
 Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Reharmonization for Introduction and Selected Stanzas*

Refrain

First few endings Last time Stanzas

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◆ CHRISTE SANCTORUM

◆ *Introduction*

Measures 1–4 Play soprano part only
 Measures 5–8 Play soprano, alto, tenor and bass parts (bass part in pedal)
 Measures 9–10 Play soprano part only
 Measures 11–12 Play soprano part only on octave lower
 Measures 13–15 Play soprano, alto, tenor and bass parts (bass part in pedal)

Paris Antiphoner, 1681

◆ CHRISTMAS

George Frederick Handel, arr. Lowell Mason

◆ *Introduction*

Man. - Play soprano, alto and tenor parts, tie all unison notes, except those in the melody.

Ped. - Except for the last chord, sustain a pedalpoint throughout on the lowest A on a soft, appropriate registration. On the last chord move to the lowest D.

◆ CHRISTUS, DER IST MEIN LEBEN

Melchior Vulpius

◆ *Introduction*

Phrase 1 - Play the soprano part only

Phrase 2 - Add the alto part

Phrase 3 - Add the tenor part

Phrase 4 - Add the bass part in the pedal

◆ CONDITOR ALME SIDERUM

Sarum plainsong, 9th century

◆ *Introduction*

Play the melody only on a solo stop (without accompaniment)

◆ CONVERSE

Charles C. Converse

◆ *Introduction*

Tie all unison notes except for those of the melody

Phrases 1 & 2 Play only the soprano part

Phrases 3 & 4 Play soprano and tenor parts

Phrases 5 & 6 Play soprano, alto and tenor parts

Phrases 7 & 8 Play all four parts (bass part in pedal)

◆ CORONATION

Oliver Holden

Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction and Reharmonization for Selected Stanzas*

The musical score consists of three systems of organ music. The top system is for the Manual (Man.), featuring a soprano, alto, and tenor part. The middle system is for the Pedal (Ped.), consisting of a bass part. The bottom system is also for the Pedal. The notation includes various note heads, stems, and rests, with some notes tied across measures. The music is set in common time with a key signature of one flat.

◆ CRADLE SONG

William James Kirkpatrick

◆ *Introduction*

Phrase 1 - Play only the soprano part on a solo stop

Phrase 2 - Play only the soprano part an octave lower on a contrasting solo stop

Phrases 3 & 4 - Play all four parts (bass part in pedal)

◆ CRANHAM

Gustav Theodore Holst

◆ *Introduction*

Line 1 - Play only the soprano part

Line 2 - Add the alto part

Line 3 - Add the tenor part

Line 4 - Add the bass part in the pedal

◆ CRIMOND

Jesse Seymour Irvine

Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Reharmonization for Introduction and Selected Stanzas*

◆ CRUCIFER

Sidney Hugo Nicholson

Introduction and handbell part by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction (Optional handbells)*

Optional Handbells

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L.V.

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♦ Selected Stanzas (Optional handbells)

§ Refrain

L.V.

Man.

Ped.

Fine

Fine

to Refrain (§)

No Ped.

+Ped.

♦ CRUSADER'S HYMN see ST. ELIZABETH

◆ CWM RHONDDA

John Hughes
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

Man.

Ped.

Since 1892

R.H.

L.H.

R.H.

L.H.

◆ *Interlude*

(Last note of stanza)

Add

◆ *Selected Stanzas*

Man.

Ped.

◆ DAKOTA INDIAN CHANT see LACQUIPARLE

◆ DARWALL'S 148TH

John Darwall

Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

◆ *Interlude*

◆ *Coda (See Interlude)*

◆ Reharmonization

Man.

Ped.

◆ Interlude and/or Coda

Man.

Ped.

◆ DENNIS

◆ Introduction

Right hand - Play the soprano part on a solo stop. Make full use of passing tones, neighboring tones, mordents, etc.

Left hand - Play the alto and tenor parts on accompanying stops

Pedal - Play the bass part

Joann Georg Nägeli; arr. Lowell Mason

◆ DEO GRACIAS or AGINCOURT HYMN

15th-century English tune
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Fanfare*

May be played as the Introduction, or an Interlude before the last stanza, at the conclusion, or all three.

Detached

Man.

No Ped.

ff

Ped.

◆ *Introduction and Selected Stanzas*

ff

Man.

Ped.

◆ DESSAU see LIEBSTER JESU

Johann Rudolph Ahle

◆ DETROIT

Supplement to Kentucky Harmony, 1820
Harmonization by Hal H. Hopson◆ *Introduction and Selected Stanzas*

Man.

Ped.

◆ DEXTER

David N. Johnson

◆ *Introduction*

Measures 1–4 Play only the melody, (*mf*), preferably on a trumpet stop
 Measures 5–8 Play all four parts on a secondary manual, (*mf*), with pedal
 Measures 9–12 Play only the melody, (*mf*), preferably on a trumpet stop
 Measures 13–16 Play all four parts on a secondary manual, (*mf*), with pedal
 Measures 17–20 Play all four parts, (*f*), with pedal
 Measures 21–24 Play all four parts, (*ff*), with pedal

◆ DIADEM

James Ellor

◆ *Introduction*

Phrase 1 - (*mf*), Man. I
 Phrase 2 - (*mp*), Man. II
 Phrase 3 - (*mf*), Man. I
 Refrain - (*f*), last four measures (*ff*)

◆ DIADEMATA

George J. Elvey
Setting by Hal H. Hopson◆ *Introduction*

Man.

Ped. out

+Ped.

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◆ Reharmonization

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◆ DIVINUM MYSTERIUM

Plainsong melody, 11th century
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction and Selected Stanzas*

Man.

Fine ending

Since 1892

◆ DIX

Adapted from a chorale by Conrad Kocher
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

Plenum

Man. I

Ped.

II Large trumpet

I Plenum

Ped.

◆ *Interlude*

Man.

Ped.

◆ Reharmonization

◆ DOVE OF PEACE

American folk melody
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ Introduction and Selected Stanzas

◆ DOWN AMPNEY

Ralph Vaughan Williams

◆ Introduction

First line - Play the soprano part only

Second line - Add the alto part

Third line - Add the tenor part

Fourth line - Add the bass part in the pedal

◆ DUKE STREET

Attributed to John Hatton
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

The sheet music consists of three staves of musical notation for organ. The top staff shows a bassoon part (Man.) and a pedal part (Ped. out) in 2/2 time, major key of A. The middle staff shows a bassoon part in 2/2 time, major key of A. The bottom staff shows a bassoon part in 2/2 time, major key of A.

◆ *Reharmonization for Selected Stanzas*

The sheet music consists of three staves of musical notation for organ. The top staff shows a bassoon part (Man.) and a pedal part (Ped.) in 2/2 time, major key of A. The middle staff shows a bassoon part in 2/2 time, major key of A. The bottom staff shows a bassoon part in 2/2 time, major key of A.

♦ EASTER HYMN

Lyra Davidica, 1708
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

♦ *Introduction*

The musical score consists of four staves of organ music. The top staff is treble clef, 4/4 time, dynamic *f*. It features a manual part (Man.) and a pedal part (Ped.). The second staff is bass clef, 4/4 time. The third staff is treble clef, 4/4 time. The fourth staff is bass clef, 4/4 time.

♦ *Reharmonization*

Hymntune

The musical score consists of two staves of organ music. The top staff is treble clef, 4/4 time. The bottom staff is bass clef, 4/4 time.

,

,

Since 1892

,

,

◆ EBENEZER or TON-Y-BOTEL

Thomas John Williams
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

Man.

Ped.

◆ EIN' FESTE BURG

Martin Luther

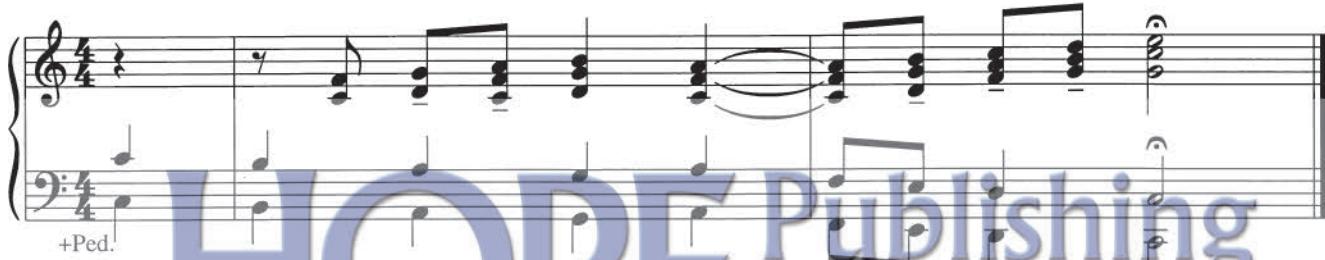
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

Man. {
Ped. out

◆ *Interlude*

 Since 1892



+Ped.

◆ *Reharmonization*


Man. {
Ped.




◆ *Coda (See Interlude)*

◆ ELLACOMBE

Gesangbuch der H. W. Hofkapelle, 1784
 Harmonized by W. H. Monk
 Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

Man. { Plenum (with light 16' and 8' reeds)
 no Ped.

◆ ELLERS

Edward John Hopkins

◆ *Introduction*

- First phrase - Play the melody an octave lower on an 8' reed stop (no accompaniment)
- Second phrase - Play the melody where notated on an 8' flute stop (no accompaniment)
- Third phrase - Play all four parts on 8' and 4' principals and flutes
- Fourth phrase - Add stops

◆ ENGELBERG

Charles Villiers Stanford
Setting by Hal H. Hopson◆ *Introduction*

Man.
Ped.

Since 1892

◆ *Interlude*

(Last note of stanza)

Organ
Man.
Ped.

◆ ES FLOG EIN KLEINS WALDVÖGELEIN

17-century Memmingen manuscript

◆ *Introduction*

First phrase - Play only the melody (one octave lower)

Second phrase - Play only the soprano and tenor parts (where notated)

Third phrase - Play only the soprano, alto, and tenor parts

Fourth phrase - Play all parts (bass in pedal)

◆ ES IST EIN' ROS'

Alte Catholische Gelstliche Kirchensing Cologne, 1599

Arranged by Michael Praetorius

◆ *Introduction*

Play all four parts

The musical notation consists of four staves of organ music. The first staff shows a single melodic line. The second staff shows two voices: soprano and tenor. The third staff shows soprano, alto, and tenor. The fourth staff shows all four voices: soprano, alto, tenor, and bass. Below the music, there are four entries: '- Plenum (*mp*)', '- 8' Flute (*pp*)', '- Plenum (*mp*)', and '- Plenum (*mf*)'.

◆ EVAN

William Henry Havergal

◆ *Introduction*

Man. - Play all four parts; tie all unison notes except those of the melody.

Ped. - Sustain a pedalpoint on the lowest E♭ throughout, except for the last chord on which is played the lowest A♭

◆ EVENTIDE

William Henry Monk

Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

The musical notation consists of two staves of organ music. The top staff is labeled 'Man.' with a brace under it. The bottom staff is labeled 'Ped.'. The music begins with a single melodic line in the upper staff, followed by a harmonic progression in the lower staff.

The musical notation consists of two staves of organ music. The top staff continues the melodic line from the introduction. The bottom staff begins with a harmonic progression, indicated by a brace under the first two measures.

The musical notation consists of two staves of organ music. The top staff continues the melodic line. The bottom staff continues the harmonic progression, with a label '+Ped.' indicating the sustain of the pedal point.

◆ *Interlude*

◆ FAITHFULNESS

◆ *Introduction* (*The first and the last eight measures*)

Right hand - Play the melody on a moderately full solo registration

Left hand - Play the alto and tenor parts on accompanying stops, tie all unison notes

Ped. - Play the bass part

William Marion Runyan

Since 1892

◆ FESTAL SONG

William H. Walter

Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

+Ped.

◆ *Interlude*

(Last note of stanza)

Ped.

◆ *Reharmonization*

The image shows a page of sheet music for organ. It consists of two staves. The top staff is in treble clef, has a B-flat key signature, and is in 4/4 time. The bottom staff is in bass clef, also has a B-flat key signature, and is in 4/4 time. The music includes various notes like quarter notes, eighth notes, and sixteenth notes, along with rests and dynamic markings. Overlaid on the music in large, semi-transparent blue letters is the text "HOPE Publishing Company". Below this, in a smaller blue font, is the text "Since 1892".

◆ *Coda (See Interlude above)*

◆ FOREST GREEN

English folk melody Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

Man. {

no Ped.

◆ *Reharmonization*

Man.

Ped.

**(In some hymnals the note values of the melody in this measure are ♩. ♩.).*

◆ **FOUNDATION**

Early American melody
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction and Selected Stanzas*

Man.

Ped.

(Pedal detached throughout)

**

***This note is one whole step higher in some hymnals.*

◆ FRANKFORT see WIE SCHÖN LEUCHTET

◆ FREU DICH SEHR see PSALM 42

◆ GARDINER see GERMANY

◆ GAUDEAMUS PARITER see AVE VIRGO VIRGINUM

◆ GELOBT SEI GOTT

◆ *Introduction*

Melchior Vulpius

Setting by Hal H. Hopson

Since 1892

Musical score for the organ introduction. The score consists of two staves. The top staff is in treble clef, 3/4 time, and has a dynamic marking of "Man." with a brace over the first two measures. The bottom staff is in bass clef, 3/4 time. The instruction "Ped. out" is written below the bass staff. The music begins with eighth-note patterns in the bass and sustained notes in the treble.

Continuation of the organ introduction. The score consists of two staves. The top staff continues the melodic line from the previous section. The bottom staff provides harmonic support. The music consists of eighth-note patterns and sustained notes.

◆ Interlude
(Last note of stanza)

The score consists of two staves. The top staff features sustained notes and eighth-note chords. The bottom staff provides harmonic support with sustained notes. The instruction "+Ped." is written above the bass staff.

◆ Reharmonization

The score consists of two staves. The top staff features sustained notes and eighth-note chords. The bottom staff provides harmonic support with sustained notes.

The score consists of two staves. The top staff features sustained notes and eighth-note chords. The bottom staff provides harmonic support with sustained notes.

◆ *Coda (See Interlude)*

◆ GENEVA

George Henry Day

Interlude and coda by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

Measures 1–4 Play only the melody, preferably on a loud 8' trumpet stop (and 16' trumpet, if available); in lieu of trumpet, play the melody on a plenum, including light reeds.

Measures 5–8 Play soprano and alto parts only on a plenum (minus reeds and mixtures)

Measures 9–12 Play all four parts on plenum (add mixtures)

Measures 13–16 Play all four parts on plenum (add reeds)

◆ *Interlude*

(Last note of stanzas)

◆ *Coda*

(Last note of stanza)

◆ GENEVA 42 see PSALM 42

◆ GERMANY or GARDINER

Attributed to Ludwig van Beethoven
Reharmonization by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction* (Key of A♭ major)

Man. - Play the soprano, alto and tenor parts on a plenum (*mf*)

Ped. - Play the pedalpoint on the lowest E♭; move to A♭ on the last chord.

◆ *Reharmonization*

◆ *Interlude and/or Coda*

(Last note of stanza)

◆ GIFT OF LOVE

Traditional English melody; adapted by Hal H. Hopson
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction and Selected Stanzas*

Optional C Instrument

Man.

Ped.

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◆ GLORIA

Traditional French carol
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

Joyful and dancelike

Man.

Ped. out

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by Hope Publishing Company, Carol Stream, Illinois 60188.

◆ *Interlude and/or Coda*
(Last note of stanza)

+Ped.

Man.

Ped.

♦ GO DOWN, MOSES

African-American spiritual

◆ *Introduction*

A- Play melody only (no accompaniment); add grace notes, mordents, and other embellishments to add interest and style to the melody.

B- Play all four parts

* A -
 B -
 A -
 B -
 B -
 A -
 B -

*Note values may vary slightly from hymnal to hymnal.

♦ GO, TELL IT ON THE MOUNTAIN

African-American spiritual

◆ *Introduction* - Play only the refrain and swing the eighth notes throughout

A- Play melody only (no accompaniment); add grace notes, mordents, and other embellishments to add interest and style to the melody.

B- Play all four parts

Refrain
*** A -
 B -
 A -
 B -

**Note values may vary slightly from hymnal to hymnal.

◆ GRÄFENBERG see NUN DANKET ALL' UND BRINGET EHR'

◆ GREENSLEEVES

16th century English melody
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

Musical score for the introduction of Greensleeves, featuring two staves of organ music in G major, 6/8 time. The top staff includes markings 'Man.' and 'Ped.'. The score is overlaid with a large blue watermark reading 'HOPE Publishing Company Since 1892'.

◆ *Interlude and/or Coda*

Musical score for the interlude and/or coda of Greensleeves, featuring two staves of organ music in G major, 6/8 time. The score is overlaid with a large blue watermark reading 'PREVIEW COPY NOT FOR PROMOTIONAL USE ONLY'.

◆ GROSSER GOT

Katholisches Gesangbuch, c. 1774
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

The logo for HOPE Publishing Company is displayed on a musical staff. The word "HOPE" is written in large, bold, blue letters, where each letter corresponds to a note on the staff. The letter "H" is a whole note, "O" is a half note, "P" is a quarter note, and "E" is an eighth note. To the left of the "H", the text "Man." is enclosed in a brace, and below the "H" is the instruction "Ped. out". The staff has a treble clef, a key signature of one flat, and a time signature of three-quarters. The word "Publishing" is written in a smaller, blue, sans-serif font to the right of "HOPE". Below "HOPE" and "Publishing" is the word "Company" in a larger, blue, serif font. At the bottom of the staff, the text "Since 1892" is written in a blue, serif font.

A musical score for piano, featuring two staves. The top staff uses a treble clef and the bottom staff uses a bass clef. Measure 1 starts with a rest followed by a forte dynamic. Measures 2-3 show eighth-note patterns. Measure 4 begins with a eighth-note followed by a sixteenth-note pattern. Measures 5-6 show eighth-note patterns. Measure 7 starts with a eighth-note followed by a sixteenth-note pattern. Measures 8-9 show eighth-note patterns. Measure 10 ends with a eighth-note followed by a sixteenth-note pattern.

◆ *Interlude and/or Coda*

(Last note of stanza)

(Last note of stanza)

Man.

Ped.

◆ HAMBURG

Lowell Mason
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

p Ped. (Soft 16' and 8' stops
Soft 32', if available)

p Man. I (Soft celeste)

p Man. II (Solo stop)

Man. I *
pp 1 2 3 4

(Soft celeste)

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*Gradually sustain these notes with a wedge (a pencil may suffice).

**Gradually release the note by taking out the wedges.

◆ *Interlude* (Play only before stanza 4)

(Last note of stanza)

(Last note of stanza)

Man. { Ped.

Since 1892

◆ *Reharmonization*

The image displays three staves of musical notation for a piano. The top staff uses a treble clef and has a key signature of A major (three sharps). The middle staff uses a bass clef and also has a key signature of A major. The bottom staff uses a bass clef and has a key signature of A major. The music is in 4/4 time. The notation includes various note values such as quarter notes, eighth notes, sixteenth notes, and rests. It features dynamic markings like forte (f) and piano (p). There are also slurs and grace notes. A large, diagonal watermark in blue-grey text reads "PREVIEW COPY FOR PROMOTIONAL PURPOSES ONLY".

◆ Coda
(Last note of stanza)

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◆ HANOVER

Attributed to William Croft
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ Introduction

No Ped.

◆ Interlude

(Last note of stanza)

Musical score for the Interlude section. The score consists of two staves. The top staff is for the manual (Man.) and the bottom staff is for the pedal (Ped.). The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is common time (indicated by a '4'). The manual part starts with a dotted half note followed by a dash, then a dotted half note followed by a dash, and finally a dash. The pedal part starts with a dotted half note followed by a dash, then a dotted half note followed by a dash, and finally a dash. The score is annotated with '(Last note of stanza)' above the first measure.

Man. { f
Ped. { p.

Since 1892

HOPE Publishing Company

◆ Reharmonization

Musical score for the Reharmonization section. The score consists of two staves. The top staff is for the manual (Man.) and the bottom staff is for the pedal (Ped.). The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is common time (indicated by a '4'). The manual part features a series of eighth-note chords. The pedal part provides harmonic support with sustained notes and rhythmic patterns. The score is annotated with 'PREVIEW COPY' and 'NOT FOR PROMOTIONAL USE ONLY' diagonally across the page.

◆ Coda (Repeat the Interlude)

◆ HELMSLEY

Thomas Olivers
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

Man.

No Ped.

Since 1892

◆ HENDON

H. A. César Malan
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

Man.

Ped.

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◆ Reharmonization

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◆ HERE I AM, LORD

Dan Schutte

◆ *Introduction - (Refrain only)*

1st half of refrain - Play only the melody (no accompaniment) an octave higher on a broad 8' flute stop

2nd half of refrain - Play all parts on a rich combination of 8' and 4' flutes, strings, and diapasons.

◆ HERZLICH TUT MICH VERLANGER see PASSION CHORALE

◆ HERZLIEBSTER JESU

Johann Crüger

Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

◆ *Selected Stanza*

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♦ HESPERUS see QUEBEC

♦ HOLY MANNA

William Moore
Harmonization and setting by Hal H. Hopson

♦ Reharmonization for Introduction and Selected Stanzas

(Fine)

D.C. al Fine

♦ Interlude

No Ped.

+Ped.

◆ HSUAN P'ING

Confucian chant
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Accompaniment for Selected Stanzas*

Hymntune (Treble clef, B-flat major, 3/4 time) and Organ (Bass clef, B-flat major, 3/4 time) parts. The Organ part consists of sustained notes. Instructions: 'No Ped.' under the Organ part; 'Melody begins (16 measures)' above the Organ part; '(Last note of melody)' above the Organ part; and '(Play 16 times)' below the Organ part.

◆ HYFRYDOL

Rowland H. Prichard
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

Man. (Treble clef, B-flat major, 3/4 time) and Ped. (Bass clef, B-flat major, 3/4 time) parts. The Man. part features eighth-note patterns, while the Ped. part provides harmonic support with sustained notes. A large diagonal watermark reading "PREVIEW COPY NOT FOR PROMOTIONAL USE ONLY" is overlaid across the page.

◆ Reharmonization

The musical score consists of five staves of organ music. The first staff is treble clef, 3/4 time, with markings 'Man.' and 'Ped.'. The second staff is bass clef, 3/4 time. The third staff is treble clef, 3/4 time. The fourth staff is bass clef, 3/4 time. The fifth staff is bass clef, 3/4 time. A large, diagonal watermark reading 'PREVIEW COPY' and 'NOT FOR PROMOTIONAL USE ONLY' is overlaid across the entire page.

◆ HYMN TO JOY

Ludwig van Beethoven
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

The musical score for "Hymn to Joy" features four staves of organ music. The top two staves are for the manual (Man.), and the bottom two staves are for the pedal (Ped.). The music is in common time and G major. The score includes a large watermark reading "FOR PIANO/PROMOTIONAL USE ONLY" diagonally across it.

◆ *Interlude*

Play the last four measures of the Introduction

◆ *Reharmonization*

The image shows a page of musical notation for organ or piano. It consists of four staves, each with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The first staff is labeled 'Man.' and 'Ped.' with a brace indicating they are to be played together. The second staff starts with a bass clef. The third staff starts with a treble clef. The fourth staff starts with a bass clef. The music is in common time (indicated by a '2'). The title 'HOPE Publishing Company' is printed in large, semi-transparent blue letters across the top half of the page. Below it, 'Since 1892' is also visible. A large, diagonal watermark in blue text reads 'PREVIEW COPY FOR PROMOTIONAL USE ONLY'.

◆ *Optional Coda*

Play the last four measures of the Introduction

◆ IN BABILON

Dutch melody
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

Musical score for the introduction of "In Babilone". The score consists of two staves. The top staff is for the manual (Man.) and the bottom staff is for the pedal (No Ped.). The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is common time (4/4). The music begins with eighth-note chords in the manual, followed by sixteenth-note patterns. The pedal part provides harmonic support with sustained notes and rhythmic patterns.

Since 1892

Continuation of the musical score for the introduction. The manual part features eighth-note chords and sixteenth-note patterns. The pedal part continues to provide harmonic support with sustained notes and rhythmic patterns.

Continuation of the musical score for the introduction. The manual part features eighth-note chords and sixteenth-note patterns. The pedal part continues to provide harmonic support with sustained notes and rhythmic patterns.

◆ *Reharmonization*

Musical score for the reharmonization section. The score consists of two staves. The top staff is for the manual (Man.) and the bottom staff is for the pedal (Ped.). The key signature changes to two sharps (G#) and the time signature remains common time (4/4). The music features eighth-note chords and sixteenth-note patterns. The pedal part provides harmonic support with sustained notes and rhythmic patterns. The section concludes with a dynamic marking of *Fine*.

Continuation of the musical score for the reharmonization section. The manual part features eighth-note chords and sixteenth-note patterns. The pedal part continues to provide harmonic support with sustained notes and rhythmic patterns. The section concludes with a dynamic marking of *D.C. al Fine*.

◆ IN DIR IST FREUDE

Giovanni Giacomo Gastoldi

◆ *Introduction*

Measures 1–4 Play only the melody

Measures 5–8 Play all four parts (no pedal)

Measures 9–12 Play only the soprano and tenor parts

Measures 13–16 Play all four parts (no pedal)

Measures 17–20 Add stops, play all four parts with pedal

◆ *Selected Stanzas*

(Add stops on the last two measures)

The musical score consists of four staves of organ music. The top staff is treble clef, 3/4 time, with a key signature of one flat. The bottom staff is bass clef, 3/4 time, with a key signature of one flat. The music is divided into four sections by vertical bar lines. The first section (measures 1-4) features the soprano and alto voices. The second section (measures 5-8) includes all four voices. The third section (measures 9-12) features the soprano and tenor voices. The fourth section (measures 13-20) returns to all four voices. Measures 17-20 include pedal markings and stop indications.

◆ IN DULCI JUBILO

German folk tune, 14th century
Harmonization and setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction and Selected Stanzas*

Man. {
No Ped.

Since 1898

◆ *Interlude and/or Coda*

Man. {
Ped.

Ped. out +Ped.

◆ INNOCENTS

◆ *Introduction*

Measures 1–2 Play only the soprano and alto parts an octave higher on a broad 8' flute

Measures 3–4 Play all four parts on 8' and 4' principals and flutes

Measures 5–6 Same as measures 1–2

Measures 7–8 Play all four parts with pedal on 8', 4' and 2' principals

The Parish Choir, 1861

◆ INTERCESSOR

C. Hubert H. Parry

◆ *Introduction*

First line: A

Second line: B

Third line: A

Second line: B

A. Right hand: Play the melody on a solo stop (*mp*)

Left hand: Appropriate accompaniment stops (*p*), Play the alto and tenor parts, tie unison notes

Pedal: Bass part

B. Right hand: 8' and 4' principals and flutes, play soprano and alto parts

Left hand: Play the tenor part on the same manual as the right hand

Pedal: Bass part

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◆ IRBY

Henry J. Gauntlett

◆ *Introduction*

Rich, sonorous 8' and 4' combination

First phrase (4 measures) - Play only the soprano part

Second phrase (4 measures) - Play all four parts with pedal

Third phrase (2 measures) - Play only the soprano part

Fourth phrase (2 measures) - Play all four parts with pedal

◆ ITALIAN HYMN

Felice de Giardini

Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

The musical score consists of three staves of organ music. Staff 1 (Treble Clef) starts with a 3/4 time signature, followed by a 4/4 section with a basso continuo bassoon line. Staff 2 (Bass Clef) starts with a 2/4 time signature. Staff 3 (Bass Clef) starts with a 2/4 time signature. The music features a variety of stops and dynamics, with specific instructions like "Man." (Manual) and "No Ped." (No Pedal).

◆ Reharmonization

Man.

Ped.

◆ JESU, MEINE FREUDE

Johann Crüger; harmonized by J. S. Bach

◆ *Introduction*

Man. I - Primary manual (*mf*) with pedal

Man. II - Secondary manual (*mp*) without pedal

Measures 1–2 - I

Measures 3–4 - II

Measures 5–8 - I

Measures 9–10 - II

Measures 11–14 - I

Measures 15–17 (including first two beats) - II

Measures 17 (last two beats) - 19 - I

◆ JOANNA see ST. DENIO

◆ KEDRON

United States Harmony, 1799
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction and Selected Stanzas*

Optional B♭ Treble instrument

Man. {

No Ped.

◆ KING'S WESTON

Ralph Vaughan Williams

◆ *Introduction*

- Line 1 - Play only the soprano part
- Line 2 - Play all parts
- Line 3 - Play only the soprano part
- Line 4 - Play all parts

◆ KINGS OF ORIENT

John Henry Hopkins, Jr.
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

Play measures 3–22 below

◆ *Selectes Stanzas*

(May accompany either soloist, choir, or congregation)

(Last note of Refrain)

Man. {

No Ped.

Verses

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Refrain

◆ KINGSFOLD

English Country Songs, 1893
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction and Selected Stanzas*

Optional Handbells

Organ
Man.
Ped.

1. SK
2. SK

SK

rit.
rit.

◆ KREMSER

Nederlandtsch Gedenckclanck, 1626
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

◆ *Harmonization in the Key of C*

◆ Reharmonization

HOPE Publishing Company
Since 1892

◆ KUM BA YAH

African-American spiritual
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ Free Accompaniment for Introduction and Selected Stanzas

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◆ LACQUIPARLE or DAKOTA INDIAN CHANT

Native American melody (Dakota)
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction and Selected Stanzas*

Hymntune

Organ

Man. II (Accompanying stops)

Man. I (8' flute)

(rit. last time)

(Fine)

Hah high ye, hah, high ye, hah high ye,

(Opt. T.B.)

(Opt. Drums) High Drums

Low Drum *f*

Stanzas Begin

mf

(Text to selected stanza(s))

(Melody continues for 19 measures)

D.S. al Fine
(Last note of stanza)

19

(Repeat pattern 19 times)

D.S. al Fine

hah high ye,

Tom-Toms

(Repeat pattern 19 times)

D.S. al Fine

◆ LAFFERTY

Karen Lafferty

◆ *Introduction and Selected Stanzas*

Right hand - Play the melody on a solo stop

Left hand - Play the alto and tenor parts, tie all unison notes

Pedal - Play the bass part

♦ LANCASHIRE

Henry Thomas Smart

♦ *Harmonization in the Key of C Major*

The first section of the music consists of three staves of organ notation. The top staff uses a treble clef and a common time signature (indicated by a '4'). The middle staff uses a bass clef and a common time signature. The bottom staff uses a bass clef and a common time signature. The music is a harmonic progression, likely a harmonization of the hymn tune 'LANCASHIRE' in C Major.

♦ *Reharmonization*

Setting by Hal H. Hopson

The second section of the music consists of three staves of organ notation. The top staff has a treble clef and a common time signature. The middle staff has a bass clef and a common time signature. The bottom staff has a bass clef and a common time signature. The notation includes dynamic markings like 'Man.' (Manual) and 'Ped.' (Pedal). The music represents a reharmonization of the hymn tune, setting it for organ with manual and pedal parts.

◆ LAND OF REST

American folk melody
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

Since 1892

◆ *Reharmonization with Optional Handbells*

◆ LASST UNS ERFREUEN

Geistliche Kirchengesänge, 1623
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

◆ *Harmonization in the Key of D Major*

Harmonization by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Interlude and/or Coda*

(Last note of stanza)

Since 1892

◆ *Reharmonization*

◆ LAUDA ANIMA

John Goss
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

◆ *Interlude and/or Coda*

Play measures 5–10 of the introduction

◆ *Reharmonization for Selected Stanzas*

The image shows three staves of musical notation for a piano. The top staff is labeled "Man." and the bottom staff is labeled "Ped.". The music is in common time with a key signature of two sharps. The notation includes various note values such as eighth and sixteenth notes, rests, and dynamic markings like forte and piano. The piano keys are indicated by vertical lines on the staff, with black keys representing sharps and white keys representing naturals or flats.

♦ LAUDES DOMINI

Joseph Barnby
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

♦ *Introduction*

♦ *Selected Stanzas*



◆ LEONI

Hebrew melody
Setting by Hal H. Hopson◆ *Introduction*I - *mf*II - *f* (including 16', 8', and 4' reeds)

II
Man.
I
Ped. out
Add Ped.

◆ LIEBSTER JESU or DESSAU

Johann Rudolph Ahle

◆ *Introduction*

Phrase 1 - Play only the soprano part

Phrase 2 - Play all four parts

Phrase 3 - Play only the soprano part

Phrase 4 - Play all four parts

Phrase 5 - Play only the soprano part one octave lower than notated

Phrase 6 - Play all four parts

♦ LLANFAIR

Robert Williams
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

♦ *Introduction*

Musical score for 'Llanfair' introduction. The score consists of two staves. The top staff is for the manual (Man.) and the bottom staff is for the pedal (Ped.). The key signature is one flat, and the time signature is common time (4/4). The music begins with a series of eighth-note chords in the manual, followed by a melodic line. The pedal part provides harmonic support with sustained notes and rhythmic patterns. The score concludes with a repeat sign and the instruction 'D.C. al Fine'.

♦ *Reharmonization*

Musical score for 'Llanfair' reharmonization. The score consists of two staves. The top staff is for the manual (Man.) and the bottom staff is for the pedal (Ped.). The key signature changes to no sharps or flats, and the time signature remains common time (4/4). The manual part features a more complex melodic line with sixteenth-note patterns, while the pedal part continues to provide harmonic foundation. The score concludes with a repeat sign and the instruction 'D.C. al Fine'.

♦ LLANGLOFFAN

Welsh folk melody
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

♦ *Reharmonization*

Musical score for 'Llangloffan' reharmonization. The score consists of two staves. The top staff is for the manual (Man.) and the bottom staff is for the pedal (Ped.). The key signature changes to one sharp, and the time signature remains common time (4/4). The manual part features a rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes, while the pedal part provides harmonic support with sustained notes and rhythmic patterns. The score concludes with a repeat sign and the instruction 'D.C. al Fine'.

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◆ LOBE DEN HERREN

Ernewerten Gesangbuch, 1665
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

Man. {

No Ped.

◆ *Interlude and/or Coda*

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◆ *Reharmonization*

◆ LORD OF THE DANCE

American Shaker melody
Adapted by Sydney Carter
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction and Selected Stanzas* (Optional 3 handbells and timpani)

Handbells used:

The musical score for "Lord of the Dance" is composed of four staves. The top staff is for Handbells, the second for Organ, the third for Man. (Man. and Ped. together), and the bottom for Timpani. The score is divided into three systems of music. A large watermark reading "PREVIEW COPY FOR PROMOTIONAL USE ONLY" is diagonally across the page.

♦ LYONS

Attributed to Johann Michael Haydn
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

♦ *Introduction*

Musical score for the Introduction section of the piece 'LYONS'. The score consists of two staves. The top staff is in treble clef, common time, with a key signature of one sharp. The bottom staff is in bass clef, common time, with a key signature of one sharp. The first measure shows a bassoon entry with the instruction 'Man.' and 'No Ped.'. The second measure shows a piano entry with the instruction 'Ped.'. The music continues with a series of chords and rhythmic patterns.

Continuation of the musical score for the Introduction section. The top staff shows a continuation of the piano's rhythmic patterns. The bottom staff shows a bassoon entry with the instruction 'Ped.'. The music continues with a series of chords and rhythmic patterns.

Continuation of the musical score for the Introduction section. The top staff shows a continuation of the piano's rhythmic patterns. The bottom staff shows a bassoon entry with the instruction 'Ped.'. The music continues with a series of chords and rhythmic patterns.

♦ *Interlude and/or Coda*

Musical score for the Interlude and/or Coda section of the piece 'LYONS'. The score consists of two staves. The top staff is in treble clef, common time, with a key signature of one sharp. The bottom staff is in bass clef, common time, with a key signature of one sharp. The first measure shows a bassoon entry with the instruction 'Man.' and 'f'. The second measure shows a piano entry with the instruction 'Ped.'. The music continues with a series of chords and rhythmic patterns.

♦ *Reharmonization*

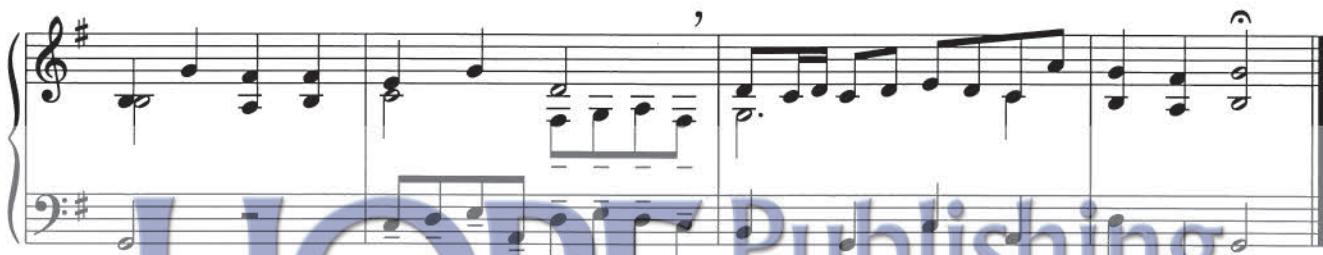
Musical score for the Reharmonization section of the piece 'LYONS'. The score consists of two staves. The top staff is in treble clef, common time, with a key signature of one sharp. The bottom staff is in bass clef, common time, with a key signature of one sharp. The first measure shows a bassoon entry with the instruction 'Man.' and 'Ped.'. The second measure shows a piano entry with the instruction 'Ped.'. The music continues with a series of chords and rhythmic patterns.

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◆ MADRID

Spanish folk melody
Setting by Hart H. Hopson◆ *Introduction*

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◆ Standard Harmonization in the Key of G Major

Since 1892

◆ *Interlude and/or Coda*

(Last note of stanza)

◆ *Reharmonization*

Fine

D.C. al Fine

◆ MARION

Arthur H. Messiter
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

A musical score for organ, featuring two staves. The top staff uses a treble clef and the bottom staff uses a bass clef. Both staves begin with a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The music consists of various note heads and stems, with some notes having horizontal dashes through them.

◆ *Interlude and/or Coda*

(Last note of stanza)

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A musical score for organ, featuring two staves. The top staff uses a treble clef and the bottom staff uses a bass clef. The key signature changes to one flat (B-flat) for the first section and then to no sharps or flats (C major) for the second section. The music includes dynamics like forte and piano, and various note heads and stems.

◆ *Reharmonization*

A musical score for organ, featuring two staves. The top staff uses a treble clef and the bottom staff uses a bass clef. The key signature changes to one flat (B-flat) for the first section and then to no sharps or flats (C major) for the second section. The music includes dynamics like forte and piano, and various note heads and stems.

A musical score for organ, featuring two staves. The top staff uses a treble clef and the bottom staff uses a bass clef. The key signature changes to one flat (B-flat) for the first section and then to no sharps or flats (C major) for the second section. The music includes dynamics like forte and piano, and various note heads and stems.

A musical score for organ, featuring two staves. The top staff uses a treble clef and the bottom staff uses a bass clef. The key signature changes to one flat (B-flat) for the first section and then to no sharps or flats (C major) for the second section. The music includes dynamics like forte and piano, and various note heads and stems.

◆ MARYTON

Henry Percy Smith
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ Standard Harmonization in the Key of D Major

The musical score consists of two staves of organ music in D major. The top staff uses a treble clef and a common time signature. The bottom staff uses a bass clef and a common time signature. The music is divided into measures by vertical bar lines.

◆ Introduction

Right hand - Play the melody on a solo stop
 Left hand - Play the alto and tenor parts, tie all unison notes
 Pedal - Play the bass part

◆ Interlude

(Last note of stanza)

The musical score consists of three staves of organ music in D major. The top staff uses a treble clef and a common time signature. The middle staff uses a bass clef and a common time signature, with a dynamic marking 'Man.' above it. The bottom staff uses a bass clef and a common time signature, with a dynamic marking 'Ped.' below it. The music is divided into measures by vertical bar lines.

◆ MATERNA

Samuel Augustus Ward
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

Play only first and last lines

Line 1 - Play soprano, alto, and tenor parts on a loud trumpet stop (The bass part is not played)

Line 4 - Play all four parts on a substantial registration.

◆ *Interlude and/or Coda*

(Last note of stanza)

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◆ MC KEE

African-American spiritual
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction and Selected Stanzas* (With optional guitar and C Treble Instrument)

C Treble Instrument

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◆ MELITA

John Bacchus Dykes
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

◆ *Interlude and/or Coda*

(Last note of stanza)

◆ MENDELSSOHN

Felix Mendelssohn
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

◆ *Interlude and/or Coda*

(Last note of stanza)

Man.

Ped.

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◆ **MERLE'S TUNE**

Tune and Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

I - Solo stop

II - Accompanying stops

Ped.

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◆ **MERRIAL**

Joseph Barnby

◆ *Introduction*

Measures 1 and 2 - Play only the soprano and alto parts

Measures 3 and 4 - Play only the soprano, alto, and tenor parts

Measures 5–8 - Play all four parts. The bass part is played by the pedal.

◆ *Selected Stanza*

Right hand - Play the soprano and alto parts. Tie all unison notes.

Left hand - Play the tenor part on a rich, sonorous solo combination

Pedal - Play the bass part

◆ MESSAGE

H. Ernest Nichol
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

Since 1892

◆ MIT FREUDEN ZART

Bohemian Brethren's *Kirchengesänge*, 1566
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

No Ped.

◆ Standard Harmonization in D Major

Man.

Ped.

Since 1892

◆ Interlude and/or Coda

(Last note of stanza)

Man.

Ped.



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♦ Reharmonization Since 1892

A continuation of the musical score from page 93. The treble staff begins with a dotted half note followed by a eighth-note pattern. The bass staff has sustained notes and eighth-note chords. The key signature changes to three sharps (G major). The bass staff includes markings "Man." and "Ped." indicating manual and pedal parts.

A continuation of the musical score from page 93. The treble staff has a eighth-note pattern followed by a sustained note. The bass staff has sustained notes and eighth-note chords. The key signature remains three sharps (G major).

A continuation of the musical score from page 93. The treble staff has a eighth-note pattern followed by a sustained note. The bass staff has sustained notes and eighth-note chords. The key signature remains three sharps (G major).

A continuation of the musical score from page 93. The treble staff has a eighth-note pattern followed by a sustained note. The bass staff has sustained notes and eighth-note chords. The key signature remains three sharps (G major).

◆ MONKLAND

Freylinghausen's *Geistreiches Gesangbuch*, 1704◆ *Introduction*

Measures 1–2 Play only the soprano part

Measures 3–4 Add the alto part and tie all unison notes

Measures 5–6 Add the tenor part and tie all unison notes

Measures 7–8 Add the bass part in the pedal

◆ *Interlude and/or Coda*

(Last note of stanza)

Since 1892

◆ *Reharmonization*

Play all four parts in the hymnal with a pedalpoint in the pedal (lowest f). Tie all unison notes not in the melody. The pedalpoint moves on the last chord to a B♭.

◆ MORE LOVE TO THEE

William Howard Doane

◆ *Introduction*

Right hand - Play the melody on a solo stop

Left hand - Play the alto and tenor parts on accompanying stops, tie all unison notes.

Pedal - Play the bass part

◆ MORECAMBE

Frederick C. Atkinson

◆ *Standard Harmonization in the Key of B♭ Major*

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◆ *Introduction*

- First line - Soprano part only
- Second line - Add the alto part
- Third line - Add the tenor part
- Fourth line - Add the bass in the pedal

◆ *Interlude*

Play the last line, hold a pedalpoint on the lowest F in the pedal. Move the pedalpoint to the lowest B♭ on the last chord.

◆ *Coda*

For a reflection, play the interlude above on the softest celeste stop.

◆ **MOSCOW** see **ITALIAN HYMN**

◆ **MUELLER** see **AWAY IN A MANGER**

◆ **MUNICH**

Gesangbuch, Meiningen, 1693
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

◆ NATIONAL HYMN

George William Warren
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

The image shows a page of organ sheet music. The top staff features a treble clef, a key signature of four flats, and a common time signature. The bottom staff features a bass clef, a key signature of four flats, and a common time signature. The music includes various notes, rests, and dynamic markings like 'Man.' (manually) and 'No Ped.' (no pedal). Overlaid on the music is the 'HOPE Publishing Company' logo in large, semi-transparent blue letters. Below the logo, the text 'Since 1892' is visible. A small 'A' is located in the bottom right corner of the logo area.

◆ *Interlude and/or Coda*

(Last note of stanza)

♦ NEANDER see UNSER HERRSCHER

◆ NETTLETON

Wyeth's *Repository of Sacred Music*, 1813
Reharmonization by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Reharmonization*

Hymntune

Hymntune *mf* §

Keyboard §

1. Fine

Fine ,

2.

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- ◆ NEUMARK see WER NUR DEN LIEBEN GOTT
- ◆ NEW BRITAIN see AMAZING GRACE
- ◆ NICAEA

John Bacchus Dykes
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

◆ *Interlude and/or Coda*

(Last note of stanza)

◆ *Reharmonization*

◆ **NUN DANKET**

Johann Crüger

Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

No Ped.

Add Ped.

◆ Standard Harmonization in the Key of E_b Major

100

A musical score for organ, consisting of five staves of music. The music is in common time and key signature of two flats. The first staff is treble clef, the second bass clef. The music includes various note values such as eighth and sixteenth notes, rests, and dynamic markings like forte and piano. A large, diagonal watermark reading "FOR PREVIEW COPY ONLY NOT FOR PERFORMANCE" is overlaid across the staves.

◆ NUN DANKET ALL' UND BRINGET EHR'/GRAFENBERG

Johann Crüger
Setting by Hal H. Hopson◆ *Introduction*

Man. {
simile
No Ped.

Add Ped.

◆ *Reharmonization*

Man. {
Ped.

♦ NUN KOMM, DER HEIDEN HEILAND

Enchiridion, Erfurt, 1524
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Setting for a Selected Stanza* - (With optional guitar); for unison choir

(Last note of stanza)

Hymntune

♦ NUREMBURG see LIEBSTER JESU

♦ NYLAND

Finnish folk melody

◆ *Introduction*

Line 1 - Play only the soprano part

Line 2 - Add the alto part

Line 3 - Add the tenor part

Line 4 - Add the bass part in the pedal

♦ *O FILII ET FILIAE

French tune, 15th century

Setting in $\frac{6}{4}$ meter by Hal H. Hopson

◆ ***Introduction*

*The pedal part in measures 1–6 is optional.

**This introduction syncs only with hymnals in which the hymn is in G minor and in a time signature of $\frac{6}{4}$.

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◆ *Selected Stanza*

Right hand - Solo the melody on a large trumpet (or other loud, appropriate combination of stops).

Left hand - Play the alto and tenor parts with appropriate accompanying stops. Tie all unison notes.

Pedal - Play the bass part.

◆ **O HAUPT VOLL BLUT UND WUNDEN** see **PASSION CHORALE**

◆ **O HOW I LOVE JESUS**

19th century American melody

◆ *Introduction*

Line 1 - Play only the soprano and alto parts where notated. Tie all unison notes in the alto part.

Line 2 - Play only the soprano and alto parts an octave lower. Tie all unison notes in the alto part.

Lines 3 & 4 - Play all four parts.

◆ **O MENSCH BEWEIN** see **OLD 113TH**

◆ **O PERFECT LOVE** see **PERFECT LOVE**

◆ **O QUANTA QUALIA**

Paris Antiphoner, 1681

Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

I - Solo Trumpet (or full combination)

II - Accompanying stops

Ped.

◆ Interlude and/or Coda

(Last note of stanza)

Musical score for organ interlude or coda. The score consists of two staves. The top staff is treble clef, 2/4 time, key signature of one sharp. The bottom staff is bass clef, 2/4 time, key signature of one sharp. The first measure shows a single note followed by a rest. The second measure starts with a bass note followed by a series of chords and sustained notes. The third measure continues with chords and sustained notes. The fourth measure shows a bass note followed by a series of chords and sustained notes. The fifth measure shows a bass note followed by a series of chords and sustained notes.

◆ Reharmonization

Musical score for organ reharmonization. The score consists of four staves. The top staff is treble clef, 4/4 time, key signature of one sharp. The second staff is bass clef, 4/4 time, key signature of one sharp. The third staff is treble clef, 4/4 time, key signature of one sharp. The fourth staff is bass clef, 4/4 time, key signature of one sharp. The score features a continuous sequence of chords and sustained notes across all staves, with dynamic markings like forte (F) and piano (P) throughout.

♦ O SING TO THE LORD see CANTAD AL SEÑOR

♦ O STORE GUD

Swedish folk melody

◆ *Introduction* - Play only the refrain. Divide the refrain into four phases.

Phrase 1 - Play only the soprano and alto parts.

Phrase 2 - Play all four parts (bass is played in the pedal).

Phrase 3 - Play only the soprano and alto parts.

Phrase 4 - Play all four parts (bass is played in the pedal).

◆ *Interlude* - Play the last phrase of the refrain

♦ OLD 112TH see VATER UNSER

♦ OLD 113TH Since 1892

Attributed to Matthäus Greiter
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

Man.
No Ped.

Add Ped.

◆ *Harmonization in the Key of D Major*

Harmonization by Hal H. Hopson

Man.

♦ OLD 124TH

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Genevan Psalter, 1551
Setting by Hal H. Hopson♦ *Introduction* Since 1892

Man. I

*The part in the left hand may be played on a secondary manual if an appropriate 16' manual stop is available (combined with 8' and 4' stops).

♦ *Selected Stanzas* - See introduction (Begin at measure 3)

♦ OLD 134TH see ST. MICHAEL

◆ OLD HUNDREDTH

(With gathering notes and half notes at the cadences)

Attributed to Louis Bourgeois
Setting by Hal H. Hopson◆ *Introduction and Selected Stanzas*

◆ Introduction and Selected Stanzas

◆ *Interlude and/or Coda*

(Last note of stanza)

◆ Interlude and/or Coda
(Last note of stanza)

(With melodic line in quarter notes)

◆ *Introduction and Selected Stanzas*

♦ OLIVET

Lowell Mason
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

♦ *Introduction and Selected Stanzas*

♦ OMNI DIE

Corner's *Gross Catholisch Gesangbuch*, 1631
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

♦ *Introduction*

Right hand - Play the soprano part on a solo stop.

Left hand - Play the alto and tenor parts on accompanying stops. Tie all unison notes.

Pedal - Play the bass part.

♦ OPEN MY EYES

Clara H. Scott
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

♦ *Introduction*

◆ *Interlude*

(Last note of stanza)

Man.

Ped.

◆ **ORA LABORA**Thomas Tertius Noble
Setting by Hal H. Hopson◆ *Introduction*

Optional part for B♭ Trumpet

I - Solo (Either plenum with chorus reed or large solo trumpet stop)

II - Accompanying stops

Ped.

(4) (7)

*When Trumpet is used, the right and left hand should be played as accompanying stops on the same manual.

◆ *Selected Stanzas* - Hymntune for B♭ Trumpet

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♦ PASS ME NOT William H. Doane
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

♦ *Introduction and Selected Stanzas*

- Options: 1. Piano only (See setting below).
2. Piano and organ. The harmonization in the hymnal is played on the organ.
All unison notes are tied.

Piano

Musical notation for the piano setting of 'Pass Me Not'. The key signature is B♭ major (two flats), and the time signature is common time. The piano part features harmonic support with chords and bassline. Measure numbers 7, 4, 5, 9, and 13 are indicated above the staff.

◆ PASSION CHORALE or HERZLICH TUT MICH VERLANGEN

Hans Leo Hassler
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

Musical score for the Introduction of "Passion Chorale". The score consists of two staves. The top staff is for the Manual (Man.) and Pedal (Ped.), both in common time (4/4). The bottom staff is for the Keyboard. The music features sustained notes and chords.

◆ *Stanza Two* - For Unison choir (sopranos and altos or tenors and basses), or soloist

Musical score for Stanza Two. The top staff shows a vocal line with dynamic **p** (Unison) and lyrics: "2. What thou, my Lord, hast suf - fered was". The bottom staff shows the Keyboard and Pedal parts. Pedal dynamics include **p** and **Detached**. A note indicates "Pedal is detached throughout".

Continuation of the musical score. The top staff shows the vocal line: "all for sin - ners gain;". The bottom staff shows the Keyboard and Pedal parts.

*The text on these three notes varies from hymnal to hymnal.

mine, mine was the trans - gres - sion, but
,

thine the dead - ly pain.

Lo, here I fall, my Sav - ior! 'Tis
,

I de - serve thy place; look

L.H. legato

L.H. detached

The musical score is composed of five systems of music. The first system starts with a rest followed by a melodic line. The second system begins with a bass line. The third system starts with a melodic line. The fourth system begins with a bass line. The fifth system starts with a melodic line. The watermark 'HOPE Publishing Company Since 1892' is in blue and is very large, covering most of the page. The watermark 'PREVIEW COPY NOT FOR PERFORMANCE' is in blue and is diagonally oriented from the bottom left to the top right.

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◆ PENTECOST (BOYD)

William Boyd
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction and Selected Stanzas*

I - Solo

II - Accompanying stops

Ped.

◆ PERFECT LOVE

Joseph Barnby
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

Ped.

◆ *Interlude and/or Coda - See Introduction*

◆ PERSONENT HODIE

Piae Cantiones, 1582

Arranged by Gustav Theodore Holst
Handbell part by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction - Play measures 1–4 and 17–20*

◆ *Selected Stanzas - Optional handbell part below played on the refrain (Measures 13–20)*

Handbells used:

13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20

◆ PESCADOR DE HOMBRES

Cesáreo Gabaráin

Setting by Hal H. Hopson

The organ part below, which is synchronized with the harmony in the hymnal may be used in several ways: Organ alone; Organ and Piano (the piano part is that of the accompaniment provided in the hymnal); to both of these suggestions may be added a C Treble instrument playing the melody (flute 8va).

◆ *Introduction and Selected Stanzas*

Melody

Organ

Man.

Ped.

9

13

17

21

25

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◆ PETRA see REDHEAD 76

◆ PICARDY

French carol melody
Harmonization by Hal H. Hopson

- ◆ Reharmonization for Introduction and Selected Stanzas
with an optional Handbell Ostinato of 4 bells

The musical score consists of three staves of music in 2/2 time. The top staff is in G clef, the middle staff is in bass clef, and the bottom staff is also in bass clef, indicating a pedal point. The music features various note heads and stems, with some notes connected by horizontal lines. A large watermark for 'HOPE Publishing Company Since 1892' is overlaid across the score.

The handbell ostinato below may be played on selected stanzas.

Handbells (may be doubled an octave higher)



◆ PLAINFIELD

Robert Lowry

◆ *Introduction*

- Measures 1–2 Soprano part only
- Measures 3–4 Soprano and tenor parts only
- Measures 5–6 Soprano part only
- Measures 7–8 Soprano and tenor parts only
- Measures 9–12 All parts (No pedal)
- Measures 13–16 (Add stops) All parts with pedal

◆ PRAISE MY SOUL see LAUDA ANIMA

◆ PRECIOUS LORD

Thomas A. Dorsey

◆ *Introduction*

- Right hand - Play the soprano part on a solo stop
- Left hand - Play the alto and tenor parts; tie all unison notes
- Pedal - Play the bass part

◆ PRECIOUS NAME

William H. Doane

◆ *Introduction*

- Measures 1–2 Play soprano part only
- Measures 3–4 Add alto part
- Measures 5–6 Add tenor part
- Measures 7–8 Add bass part (No pedal)
- Refrain (Add stops) Play all four parts with pedal

◆ PROMISE

◆ *Introduction*

- Manual I – Sonorous registration of 8' and 4' stops
- Manual II - Softer registration of 8' and 4' stops
- Line 1 - Manual II
- Line 2 - Manual I
- Line 3 - Manual II
- Line 4 - Manual I (Add stops)

Natalie Sleeth

◆ PROMISED LAND

The Southern Harmony, 1835

◆ *Introduction* (Play only the refrain)

- First half of the refrain - Play only the soprano and alto parts
- Second half of the refrain - Play all parts with pedal

◆ *Interlude* - Play the second half of the refrain

◆ PROMISES

R. Kelso Carter

◆ *Introduction* (Play only measures 1–8)

- Measures 1–2 Play soprano and alto parts only
- Measures 3–4 Play soprano and alto parts one octave lower
- Measures 5–6 Play soprano and alto parts only (where notated); and tenor part with unison notes tied
- Measures 7–8 Play all parts; tie unison notes in tenor and bass
- Refrain - Play all parts as written

◆ PSALM 42

Genevan Psalter, 1551

◆ *Introduction* (With dancing energy)

Right hand legato

The musical score for Psalm 42 is presented on two staves. The top staff uses the treble clef and has a 3/4 time signature. It features a dynamic marking 'Man.' above the staff and 'Left hand detached' below it. The bottom staff uses the bass clef and also has a 3/4 time signature. It features a dynamic marking 'No Ped.' below the staff. Both staves consist of a series of eighth-note chords and rests, typical of early printed music notation.

◆ PUER NOBIS NASCITUR

15th century German tune
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

Man.
Ped.

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◆ *Interlude and/or Coda*

(Last note of stanza)

Ped.

Add Ped.

◆ PUES SI VIVIMOS see SOMOS DEL SEÑOR

◆ QUEBEC

Henry Baker

◆ *Introduction*

Measures 1–4 Play only the soprano and alto parts an octave higher on a large scaled 8' flute.

Tie the unison notes in the alto part.

Measures 5–8 Play all four parts on 8' and 4' diapasons and flutes.

Measures 9–12 Same as measures 1–4.

Measures 13–16 Same as measures 5–8.

◆ RATHBUN

Ithamar Conkey

Setting by Hal H. Hopson

Since 1892

◆ *Introduction*

Man. {
Ped. out

+Ped.

◆ *Reharmonization*

Man. {
Ped.

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◆ RATISBON

J. G. Werner's *Choralbuch*, 1851
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

I - Trumpet

◆ *Interlude and/or Coda*

(Last note of stanza)

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◆ REDHEAD 76

Richard Redhead
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ Reharmonization for Introduction and Selected Stanzas

Man.
Ped.

Ped.

◆ Interlude

(Last note of stanza)

Man.
Ped.

Ped.

◆ REGENT SQUARE

Henry Thomas Smart
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ Introduction

Man.
Ped.

Ped.

◆ *Interlude and/or Coda*

(Last note of stanza)

Man. {
Ped.

◆ *Reharmonization*

Man. {
Ped.

◆ REGNATOR ORBIS see O QUANTA QUALIA

◆ REPTON

C. Hubert H. Parry
Setting by Hal H. Hopson◆ *Introduction*

Man. {
Ped. out

+Ped.

◆ *Interlude and/or Coda*

◆ RESIGNATION

Walker's *Southern Harmony*, 1835
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

Freely

8' Flute stop

◆ *Introduction*

Freely
8' Flute stop

fit.

Man. { 8', 4' (2')

◆ *Adagio* *— G*

◆ *Interlude and/or Coda*

(Last note of stanza)

Musical score for piano and flute. The score consists of four staves. The top staff is for the piano (right hand), the second staff is for the piano (left hand), the third staff is for the flute, and the bottom staff is for the bassoon. Measure 11 starts with a piano dynamic of $\frac{3}{4}$ time. The flute has a dynamic of $\frac{3}{4}$ and the bassoon has a dynamic of $\frac{2}{3}$. The flute part includes markings "8' Flute stop" and "Freely". Measure 12 begins with a piano dynamic of $\frac{2}{3}$ time. The bassoon part ends with a dynamic of $\frac{2}{3}$ and a "rit." (ritardando) marking.

◆ REST

Frederick Charles Maker
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

I - Solo stop
II - Accompanying stop(s)
Ped.

◆ *Choir Stanza*

Optional handbells used:

Handbells (or one of the following: glockenspiel, Orff bar instrument, or piano)

(Last note of stanza) *p* Treble voices (or soloist) *p*

Organ Drop thy still dews of
Man. (your)

Ped. Without Ped.

qui - et - ness till all our striv - ings cease; Take from our souls the

strain of stress, and let our or - dered lives con - fess the beau - ty of Thy (your)

peace.

(Add) (Add)
Add Ped.

◆ *Reharmonization for Selected Stanzas*

◆ **RHOSYMEDRE**

John David Edwards

◆ *Introduction*

Line 1 - Soprano part only

Line 2 - Soprano and tenor parts only

Line 3 & 4 - Play all four parts, add stops on the last phrase

◆ **RICHMOND**

Thomas Hawais; adapted by Samuel Webbe, Jr.

Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Standard Harmonization in F Major*

◆ *Introduction*

(The Capital Letters below refer to those in the harmonization above)

A - Play soprano part only

B - Add the alto part

C - Add the tenor part

D - Play all four parts with bass part in the pedal (add stops)

◆ Reharmonization for Selected Stanzas

◆ ROCKINGHAM

Second Supplement to Psalmody in Miniature, 1783
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Interlude and/or Coda*

(Last note of stanza)

Man. { (Add)
Ped. (Add)

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◆ *Reharmonization for Selected Stanzas*

◆ ROCKINGHAM OLD see ROCKINGHAM

◆ ROEDER

◆ *Introduction* - Play measures 19-34

Right hand - Play the soprano part on a solo stop.

Left hand - Play the alto and tenor parts. Tie all unison notes.

Pedal - Play the bass part.

Carl F. Schalk

◆ ROSAS

Carlos Rosas

Make full use of the chord symbols in the hymnal with use of guitar or other appropriate instruments. A tambourine or other appropriate percussion instruments may improvise a rhythmic pattern using the following as a basis for the pattern:



◆ *Introduction* - Play the verses only (without refrain).

◆ *Selected Stanzas* - See suggestions above for use of various instrumental possibilities.

◆ ROYAL OAK

Since 1892

English Melody, 17th century
Harmonization by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

Measures 1–4 Play soprano, alto and tenor parts an octave higher on an 8' flute.

Measures 5–8 (beats 1–3) Play all four parts on a plenum of 8' and 4' stops, no pedal.

Pickup to measure 9–16 Play all four parts with pedal. Add stops on the last phrase.

◆ *Reharmonization*

◆ RUSSIAN HYMN

Alexis Lvov

Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

◆ *Interlude and/or Coda*

(Last note of stanza)

◆ RUSTINGTON

C. Hubert H. Parry
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

Right hand - Play the melody on a robust and sonorous solo combination.

Left hand - Play the alto and tenor parts on accompanying stops. Tie all unison notes.

Pedal - Play the pedal part.

◆ *Interlude and/or Coda*

(Last note of stanza)

◆ ST. AGNES

John Bacchus Dykes
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

Sonorous 8' and 4' stops

The musical score consists of three staves of organ music. The top staff is for the Manual (Man.) and the bottom staff is for the Pedal (Ped.). The middle staff is a common bass staff. The music is in G major (one sharp) and 3/4 time. The introduction begins with a series of sustained notes followed by a more melodic line. The Manual part features several grace note figures. The Pedal part provides harmonic support with sustained notes and chords.

◆ *Reharmonization for Last Stanza*

The musical score consists of three staves of organ music. The top staff is for the Manual (Man.) and the bottom staff is for the Pedal (Ped.). The middle staff is a common bass staff. The reharmonization begins with a sustained note followed by a more complex harmonic progression. The Manual part includes several grace note figures and a final cadence. The Pedal part provides harmonic support with sustained notes and chords.

(Last note of stanza)

CODA

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(Soft)

◆ ST. ANNE

Attributed to William Croft
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

◆ *Interlude*

◆ Reharmonization

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◆ ST. BRIDE

◆ *Introduction*

Right hand - Play the soprano part on a solo stop.

Left hand - Play the alto and tenor parts. Tie all unison notes.

Pedal - Play the bass part.

Samuel Howard

◆ ST. CATHERINE

Henri F. Hemy; alt. James G. Walton
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

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Man. {
No Ped.

(5)

(9)

Add Ped.

(13)

Add Ped.

◆ *Interlude*

(Last note of stanza)

Musical score for the organ interlude. The score consists of four staves. The top two staves are treble clef, and the bottom two are bass clef. The key signature is one sharp (F#). The tempo is indicated as 'Last note of stanza'. The first staff has a single note. The second staff has a note followed by a fermata. The third staff has a note followed by a fermata. The fourth staff has a note followed by a fermata.

◆ ST. CHRISTOPHER

Frederick Charles Maker
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

Man. I - Solo stop

Musical score for the introduction of "St. Christopher". The score consists of four staves. The top two staves are treble clef, and the bottom two are bass clef. The key signature is five flats (B-flat, E-flat, A-flat, D-flat, G-flat). The time signature is common time (indicated by '4'). The introduction features a solo stop for the manual (Man. I) and accompanying stops for the manuals (Man. II) and pedal (Ped.). The score includes several measures of music with various note heads and rests.

◆ ST. CLEMENT

Clement Cottevill Scholefield

◆ *Introduction* - Divide hymn into four phrases (four measures to each phrase)

Phrase 1 - Play only the melody on a flute stop one octave higher

Phrase 2 - Play all four parts, with pedal, on a rich, sonorous 8' and 4' combination

Phrase 3 - Same as Phrase 1

Phrase 4 - Same as Phrase 2

◆ ST. COLUMBA

◆ *Introduction*

Phrase 1 - Play only the soprano part

Phrase 2 - Add the alto part

Phrase 3 - Add the tenor part

Phrase 4 - Add the bass part in the pedal

Irish traditional melody

◆ ST. DENIO/JOANNA

Welsh folk melody

Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

The musical score consists of three staves of organ music. The top staff shows the soprano and alto parts, with the soprano playing a melodic line and the alto providing harmonic support. The middle staff shows the tenor and bass parts, with the tenor providing harmonic support and the bass providing harmonic support. The bottom staff shows the pedal part, which provides harmonic support and supports the bass line. The music is in common time and major key.

◆ *Reharmonization*

The musical score consists of three staves of organ music. The top staff shows the soprano and alto parts, with the soprano playing a melodic line and the alto providing harmonic support. The middle staff shows the tenor and bass parts, with the tenor providing harmonic support and the bass providing harmonic support. The bottom staff shows the pedal part, which provides harmonic support and supports the bass line. The music is in common time and major key.

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◆ ST. ELIZABETH/CRUSADER'S HYMN/
SCHÖNSTER HERR JESU

Silesian folk melody
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction* - (Harmonization in the hymnal)

Measures 1–2 Registration is that of accompanying stops

Right hand - Play the soprano and alto parts

Left hand - Play the tenor part

Pedal - Play the bass part

Measures 3–4

Right hand - Play the soprano part on a solo stop

Left hand - Play the alto and tenor parts on accompanying stops

Pedal - Play the bass part

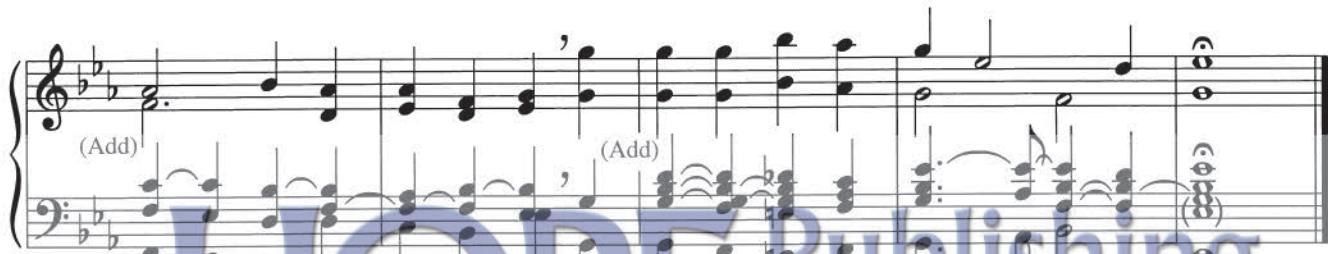
Measures 5–8 Same as measures 1–2

Measures 9–10 Same as measures 3–4

Measures 11–12 Same as measures 1–2

Measures 13–16 Same as measures 1–2

◆ *Reharmonization for Last Stanza*



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◆ ST. FLAVIAN

This setting for *Lord, Who Throughout These Forty Days*
Day's Psalter, 1562
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ Introduction

I - 8' flute

No Ped.

II - Solo stop

I { 8', 4' Principals.

Ped.

◆ Interlude

(End of stanza three)

(Add)

Ped.

◆ *Stanza Four*

Choir and Congregation

A - bide with us, that so, this life of suf-fering o - ver - past, an Eas-ter of un -
Broaden

Full plenum (without mixture)

Ped.

end - ing joy we may at - tain at last!

Broaden

rit. (Add) (b.)

Full plenum (with reeds)

rit.

*On smaller instruments the right hand may be taken up an octave on the last two measures.

◆ ST. GEORGE'S WINDSOR

George Job Elvey
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

Man. {

Ped. out

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◆ Reharmonization for Selected Stanzas

◆ ST. GERTRUDE (With optional timpani)

Arthur S. Sullivan
Setting by Hal H. Hopson◆ *Introduction and Selected Stanzas*

Man.

Ped.

Optional Timpani

Since 1892

(6)

(11)

(16)

(20)

(20)

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◆ ST. KEVIN

◆ *Introduction*

First line - Play only the soprano part

Second line - Add the alto part

Third line - Add the tenor part

Fourth line - Add the bass part in the pedal

Arthur Seymour Sullivan

◆ ST. LOUIS

Lewis Henry Redner
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Reharmonization for Introduction and Selected Stanzas*

♦ ST. MAGNUS

Jeremiah Clark

◆ *Introduction*

Phrase 1 - Play only the soprano part

Phrase 2 - Add the alto part

Phrase 3 - Add the tenor part

Phrase 4 - Add the bass part in the pedal

♦ ST. MARGARET

Albert Lister Peace

Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction* (Optional parts for C Treble Instrument and/or Cello)

Optional C Treble Instrument (flute, 8va)

The musical score consists of four staves of organ music. The top staff is in soprano range, the second in alto, the third in tenor, and the bottom in bass. The music includes various stops and dynamics, such as 'simile' and 'arco'. The score is divided into sections by brace lines and includes performance instructions like 'Optional C Treble Instrument (flute, 8va)' and 'Optional Cello pizz.'.

◆ ST. MICHAEL

Genevan Psalter, 1551
Adapted by William Croto

◆ *Introduction*

Phrase 1 - Play only the soprano part

Phrase 2 - Add the alto part

Phrase 3 - Add the tenor part

Phrase 4 - Add bass part in the pedal

◆ ST. PETER

◆ *Introduction*

Alexander R. Reinagle

Setting by Hal H. Hopson

Since 1892

◆ *Reharmonization for Selected Stanzas*

◆ ST. PETERSBURG

Dimitri S. Bortniansky

◆ *Introduction*

- Manual I - Plenum with reeds
 Manual II - Plenum of 8', 4', (2')
 Phrase 1 - Manual I
 Phrase 2 - Manual II
 Phrase 3 - Manual I
 Phrase 4 - Manual II
 Phrase 5 - Manual I
 Phrase 6 - Manual I (add)

◆ ST. THEODULPH/VALET WILL ICH DIR GEBEN

Melchior Teschner

Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction* (Optional handbells and timpani)

Handbells used:



Handbells

Organ

Man.

Ped.

Timpani



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◆ *Selected Stanzas* (Optional handbells and timpani)

Handbells

(Fine)

(Fine)

(Fine)

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*In some hymnals, after the last stanza, the first two lines are repeated, stopping at the *Fine* on the downbeat of measure 8.

♦ ST. THOMAS

Aaron Williams
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

♦ *Introduction*

♦ *Reharmonization*

♦ SALVE FESTA DIES

Ralph Vaughan Williams
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

♦ *Introduction*

◆ SALZBURG

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◆ *Introduction* Since 1892

Jacob Hintze

Setting by Hal H. Hopson

Man. {

No Ped.

+Ped.

◆ SANDON

Charles Henry Purday

◆ *Introduction*

Measures 1–6 - Play the melody an octave lower on a soft reed stop

Measures 7–12 - Play the melody an octave higher on a flute stop (8')

Measures 13–16 - (*mf*) Plenum

Last phrase - Add

◆ SCHÖNSTER HERR JESU see ST. ELIZABETH

◆ SCHUMANN

Mason and Webb's *Cantica Laudis*, 1850◆ *Introduction*

- Phrase 1 - Play only the melody
 Phrase 2 - Play all parts (without pedal)
 Phrase 3 - Play only the melody
 Phrase 4 - Play all parts (Add pedal)

◆ SHALOM, CHAVERIM!

Israeli round
Setting by Hal H. Hopson◆ *Selected Stanza*

Choir or Congregational Canon with Keyboard Accompaniment

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Voice I

mf

Fare - well, good friends! Fare -
(Hebrew) Sha - lom cha - ve - rim, sha -

Voice II

mf

Fare -
(Hebrew) Sha -

Keyboard

mf

well, good friends, Sha - lom, sha - lom. Till we
lom cha - ve - rim. Sha - lom, sha - lom. Le -

well good friends! Fare - well good friends! Sha - lom, sha -
lom cha - ve - rim, sha - lom cha - ve - rim. Sha - lom, sha -

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1st (or more endings), Last ending

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Tambourine Part

◆ SICILIAN MARINERS

The European Magazine and Review, 1773

Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction* (Optional handbells)

Handbells used:

Handbells
Organ
Man.
Ped.

SK

*When handbells are not used, begin organ introduction at measure 2.

◆ *Selected Stanza(s)*: Handbells and/or 2 flutes
(The second part may be played by any C Treble instrument)

Handbells

(Continue the pattern for 10 measures)

Flute 1

Flute 2 (or another C Treble instrument)

SK

(Continue to play the hymn from the hymnal for 10 measures)

◆ SINE NOMINE

Ralph Vaughan Williams
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

Musical score for the Introduction of Sine Nomine, featuring three staves:

- Man.**: Treble clef, 4/4 time, key signature of one sharp. Notes include quarter notes and eighth notes.
- Ped.**: Bass clef, 4/4 time, key signature of one sharp. Notes include quarter notes and eighth notes.
- Organ**: Treble clef, 4/4 time, key signature of one sharp. Notes include quarter notes and eighth notes.

◆ *Harmonization for Organ and Optional Soprano Descant and Handbells*

Handbells used: [Musical staff showing bell notes]

Optional Handbells

Optional Soprano Descant

Organ

Man.

Ped.

The harmonization score includes four staves:

- Organ**: Treble clef, 4/4 time, key signature of one sharp. Includes vocal entries labeled "Ah".
- Man.**: Bass clef, 4/4 time, key signature of one sharp. Includes vocal entries labeled "ah".
- Ped.**: Bass clef, 4/4 time, key signature of one sharp. Includes vocal entries labeled "ah".
- Soprano Descant**: Treble clef, 4/4 time, key signature of one sharp. Includes vocal entries labeled "ah".
- Handbells**: Treble clef, 4/4 time, key signature of one sharp. Shows bell notes corresponding to the vocal parts.

The musical score consists of three staves of music in G major. The top two staves are soprano and alto voices, and the bottom staff is bass. The lyrics "ah" appear at specific intervals. The score is framed by a large watermark reading "HOPE Publishing Company Since 1892".

♦ SLANE

Traditional Irish melody
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

♦ *Introduction and Selected Stanzas* (Optional flute)

Optional Flute

The musical score for the introduction and selected stanzas features an optional flute part in 3/4 time, and an accompaniment for organ and/or piano in 3/4 time. The accompaniment includes bassoon and organ parts. The bassoon part is labeled "Man." and the organ part is labeled "Ped.". The flute part is indicated by a bracket above the treble clef.

*The accompaniment may also be adapted for harp.

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♦ SOLID ROCK see THE SOLID ROCK

◆ SOMOS DEL SEÑOR

Traditional Spanish melody
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction and Selected Stanzas*

Keyboard accompaniment, guitar chords and percussion part - Creative use may be made of guitar alone, guitar and keyboard together (either organ or piano), solo and choir stanzas, Spanish and English.

Melody D Em A7 D

Keyboard

Woodblock, claves or castanets (continue this pattern)

Em A7 D

G A F#m

Bm Em A7 D last time only

◆ SONG 1

Orlando Gibbons
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

Phrase 1 - Play only the melody

Phrase 2 - Add the alto part

Phrase 3 - Add the tenor part

Phrase 4 - Add the bass part in the pedal

◆ SOUTHWELL

◆ *Introduction*

Right hand - Play the melody on a solo stop

Left hand - Play the alto and tenor parts. Tie all unison notes.

Pedal - Play the bass part

◆ *Choir Stanzas (Lord Jesus, Think on Me, Stanza 3)*

Daman's Psalms, 1579

Choir

p S.A. Unison

p T.B. Unison

Organ

Man.

Ped.

p

rit.

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Lord Je - sus, think on me, nor let me go a -

Lord Je - sus, think on me, nor let me go a - stray; through

stray; through dark-ness and per - plex - i - ty point out your cho - sen way.

dark-ness and per - plex - i - ty point out your cho - sen way.

♦ SPANISH HYMN see MADRID

◆ SPLENDOR see PUER NOBIS NASCITUR

◆ STILLE NACHT

Franz Gruber
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction and Reharmonization for Selected Stanzas*

The musical score consists of three staves of music for organ or piano. The top staff is in treble clef, the middle staff is in bass clef, and the bottom staff is also in bass clef. The music is in common time (indicated by a 'C'). The first staff begins with a measure of two eighth notes followed by a dotted half note. The second staff begins with a measure of two eighth notes followed by a dotted half note. The third staff begins with a measure of two eighth notes followed by a dotted half note. The music continues with various chords and rhythms, including a section where the bass line has a sustained note. The watermark 'HOPE Publishing Company Since 1892' is printed diagonally across the page.

*A shorter introduction may be comprised of only those measures indicated with brackets.

◆ *Interlude*

The musical score consists of three staves of music for organ or piano. The top staff is in treble clef, the middle staff is in bass clef, and the bottom staff is in bass clef. The music is in common time (indicated by a 'C'). The first staff begins with a measure of two eighth notes followed by a dotted half note. The second staff begins with a measure of two eighth notes followed by a dotted half note. The third staff begins with a measure of two eighth notes followed by a dotted half note. The music continues with various chords and rhythms, including a section where the bass line has a sustained note. The watermark 'FOR PROMOTIONAL USE ONLY' is printed diagonally across the page.

◆ STUTTGART

Witt's *Psalmodia Sacra*, 1715
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction and Selected Stanzas*

◆ SURSUM CORDA (Smith)

Alfred Morton Smith

◆ *Introduction*

- Phrase 1 - Play only the melody
- Phrase 2 - Add the alto part
- Phrase 3 - Add the tenor part
- Phrase 4 - Play all parts with pedal

◆ TALLIS' CANON

Thomas Tallis

Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

◆ TALLIS' ORDINAL

Thomas Tallis

◆ *Introduction*

- Phrase 1 - Play only the soprano part
 Phrase 2 - Add the alto part
 Phrase 3 - Add the tenor part
 Phrase 4 - Add the bass part in the pedal

◆ TERRA BEATA

Franklin L. Sheppard
Setting by Hal H. Hopson◆ *Reharmonization for Introduction and Selected Stanzas* (With optional handbells)

Handbells used:

Optional Handbells

Organ

Man.

Ped.



◆ *Choir part for a Selected Stanza*

S.A. Unison

T.B. Unison

Organ

Ped.

Continuation of the musical score. The choir parts (S.A. and T.B. Unison) play eighth-note chords. The organ part continues with basso continuo lines. The music remains in common time with a key signature of two flats.



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◆ THE FIRST NOEL

Traditional English carol
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

A musical score for organ, featuring two staves of music in G clef, F-sharp key signature, and common time. The first staff is labeled "Man." and the second staff is labeled "Ped.". The music consists of eighth-note patterns and rests.

◆ *Interlude*

(Last note of stanza)

Man.

Ped.

◆ *Selected Stanzas*

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◆ THE OLD RUGGED CROSS

George Bennard

◆ *Introduction* (Play the first two measures and the last two measures)

Right hand - Play the melody on an appropriate solo stop

Left hand - Play the alto and tenor parts on accompanying stops. Tie all unison notes.

Pedal - Play the bass part

◆ THE SOLID ROCK

William Bradbury

Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

Man. {
No Ped.

Refrain

+Ped.

♦ TOA-SIA

Traditional Taiwanese melody
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

♦ *Interlude*

(Last note of stanza)

Ped. (Play lower note throughout)

♦ *Reharmonization for Selected Stanzas* (Especially effective for a unison choir stanza)

Hymntune

Ped. (Play lower note throughout)

♦ TON-Y-BOTEL see EBENEZER

♦ TOPLADY

♦ *Introduction*

- Phrase 1 - Plenum of 8' and 4' stops
- Phrase 2 - Soft celeste
- Phrase 3 - Same as Phrase 1
- Phrase 4 - Same as Phrase 2
- Phrase 5 - Same as Phrase 1
- Phrase 6 - Add stops

Thomas Hastings

◆ TOULON

Adapted from a melody by Louis Bourgeois
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

Man. { Plenum

Ped.

◆ *Reharmonization*

Adapted from an arrangement of Gustav Holst
by Hal H. Hopson

Man. {

Ped.

simile

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◆ TRENTHAM

◆ *Introduction and Selected Stanzas*

Robert Jackson
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

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Man.

Ped.

◆ TRURO

Thomas Williams
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

Musical score for the Introduction of the hymn "TRURO". The score consists of three staves. The top staff is treble clef, 2/3 time, with markings "Man." and "Ped.". The middle staff is bass clef, 2/3 time, with markings "Ped.". The bottom staff is bass clef, 2/3 time, with markings "+Ped.". The music features various note heads, stems, and rests, typical of organ or piano music.

◆ *Reharmonization*

Musical score for the Reharmonization of the hymn "TRURO". The score consists of three staves. The top staff is treble clef, 2/3 time, with markings "Man." and "Ped.". The middle staff is bass clef, 2/3 time, with markings "+Ped.". The bottom staff is bass clef, 2/3 time, with markings "+Ped.". The music shows a progression of chords and harmonic changes, with some notes tied over from the previous measure.

◆ UNSER HERRSCHER

Joachim Neander
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

◆ VALET WILL ICH DIR GEBEN see ST. THEODULPH

◆ VATER UNSER

Schumann's *Geistliche Lieder*, 1539

◆ *Introduction - (mf) Plenum*

- Phrase 1 - Play only the soprano part
- Phrase 2 - Play all parts
- Phrase 3 - Play only the soprano part
- Phrase 4 - Play all parts
- Phrase 5 - Play only the soprano part
- Phrase 6 - Play all parts

◆ VENI EMMANUEL

French melody, 15th century
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*



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◆ VICTORY

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Giovanni P. da Palestrina
Setting by Hal H. Hopson◆ *Introduction and Selected Stanzas*

* *Man.* { *Ped.* ♩.

*The first seven measures are omitted in some hymnals

◆ VOM HIMMEL HOCH

Schumann's *Geistliche Lieder*
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Interlude and/or Coda*

(Last note of stanza)

(Last note of stanza)

Man.

Ped.

◆ VRUECHTEN

Dutch melody, 17th century
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

Man.

Ped.

◆ *Reharmonization for Selected Stanzas*

Ped.



♦ W ŻŁOBIE LEŻ Y

Polish carol
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

Man. I - Solo stop

(The first page of a three-page musical score for organ. The score consists of three staves. The top staff is treble clef, B-flat key signature, and common time. The middle staff is bass clef, B-flat key signature, and common time. The bottom staff is bass clef, B-flat key signature, and common time. The first measure shows a solo stop for Man. I followed by accompanying stops for Man. II and Pedal.)

(Continuation of the musical score. The top staff shows a melodic line for Man. I. The middle staff shows harmonic support from Man. II. The bottom staff shows sustained notes for Pedal.)

(Continuation of the musical score. The top staff shows a melodic line for Man. I. The middle staff shows harmonic support from Man. II. The bottom staff shows sustained notes for Pedal.)

♦ WACHET AUF

Attributed to Philipp Nicolai
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

♦ *Introduction*

♦ *Selected Stanza for Choir and Organ*

1.

1.

2.

2.

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◆ WAREHAM

William Knapp
Setting by Hal H. Hopson◆ *Introduction*

Man. {
No Ped.

Since 1892

◆ *Reharmonization for Selected Stanzas*

Man. {
Ped.

♦ WAS GOTT TUT

Serverus Gastorius

◆ *Introduction* - Play phrases 1, 2, 5, 6 and 7

Phrases 1, 2, 5 and 6

Right hand - Solo the melody on a robust solo combination

Left hand - Play the alto and tenor on an appropriate accompanying combination on a secondary manual. Tie all unison notes.

Phrase 7 (Last phrase) - Play both hands on a substantial Plenum

Arranged by Hal H. Hopson from a choral prelude
by Johann P. Kellner

◆ *Selected Stanza for Unison Choir Trebles*

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S.A. Unison *mf*

(Text to a selected stanza)

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◆ WEBB

George J. Webb
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction* (Optional handbells and timpani)

Handbells used:

Handbells

Man. (Plenum with 16', 8', 4' chorus reeds)

Ped.

SK

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Timpani

◆ Reharmonization for Selected Stanzas (With optional handbells and timpani)

Handbells

Organ

Man.

Ped.

Timpani

SK

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SK

◆ WELLESLEY

Lizzie S. Tourjee

◆ *Introduction*

Phrase 1 - Play only the soprano part

Phrase 2 - Add the tenor part

Phrase 3 - Add the alto part

Phrase 4 - Add the bass part in the pedal

◆ WER NUR DEN LIEBEN GOTT

Georg Neumark

Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

Man. {

Ped.

*In some hymnals the melody is B♭ on the first beat of this measure.

◆ Reharmonization for Selected Stanzas

*In some hymnals the melody is B♭ on the first beat of this measure.

◆ WESTMINSTER ABBEY

◆ *Introduction*

Henry Purcell
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

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◆ *Interlude and/or Coda*

(Last note of stanza)

Man.

Ped.

◆ *Reharmonization for Selected Stanzas*

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*Melodic line in some hymnals

◆ WHAT A FRIEND see CONVERSE

◆ WHEN JESUS WEPT

◆ *Keyboard Harmonization*

(Repeat the four measures below as many times as necessary to accommodate whatever arrangement that may be developed by the director.)

William Billings
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ WIE LIEBLEICH IST DER MAIEN

Johann Steurlein

◆ *Introduction*

- Phrase 1 - Plenum (*mf*), without pedal
- Phrase 2 - Plenum (*p*), without pedal
- Phrase 3 - Plenum (*mf*), without pedal
- Phrase 4 - Plenum (*f*), with pedal

◆ WIE SCHÖN LEUCHTET

Philipp Nicolai
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

4' Flute

Man. { 8' Principals and flutes

No Ped.

◆ WINCHESTER NEW

Musikalisches Handbuch, 1600
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

Man. { Plenum with light 16', 8', 4' Reeds

No Ped.

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♦ Reharmonization for Selected Stanzas

Since 1892

♦ WINCHESTER OLD

Este's *Psalmes*, 1592
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

♦ Introduction

♦ Reharmonization for Selected Stanzas

◆ WONDROUS LOVE

HOPE Publishing

Walker's *Southern Harmony*, 1835
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

◆ *Introduction*

Since 1892

Man. I - 8' Harmonic Flute

◆ *Reharmonization for Selected Stanzas*

♦ WOODWORTH

William B. Bradbury
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

♦ *Introduction and Selected Stanzas*

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♦ WORDS OF LIFE

Philip P. Bliss
Setting by Hal H. Hopson

♦ *Introduction and Selected Stanzas - arranged for Piano Duo*

Primo

Secondo

8va

Refrain

8va

♦ WORGAN see EASTER HYMN

♦ YIGDAL see LEONI

Index by Tune Name

Abbot's Leigh	2	Dexter	27
Aberystwyth	2	Diadem	27
Adeste Fideles	2	Diademata	27
Agincourt Hymn (see Deo Gracias)	26	Divinum Mysterium	29
All Is Well	3	Dix	29
Allein Gott in Der Höh	3	Dove of Peace	30
Amazing Grace/New Britain	4	Down Ampney	30
America	5	Duke Street	31
Angel's Story	5	Easter Hymn	32
Antioch	6	Ebenezer	33
Ar Hyd Y Nos	6	Ein' Feste Burg	34
Argentina/Canto de Esperanza	7	Ellacombe	36
Assurance	8	Ellers	36
Aurelia	9	Engelberg	37
Aus Der Tiefe Rufe Ich	11	Es Flog Ein Kleins Waldvögelein	38
Austria/Austrian Hymn	11	Es Ist Ein' Ros'	38
Austrian Hymn/Austria	11	Evan	38
Ave Virgo Virginum/Gaudeamus Pariter	11	Eventide	38
Away in a Manger	12	Faithfulness	39
Azman	12	Festal Song	39
Battle Hymn of the Republic	13	Forest Green	40
Beecher	13	Foundation	41
Bereden Väg För Herran	14	Frankfort (see Wie Schön Leuchtet)	183
Boundless Mercy	14	Gardiner (see Germany)	44
Boylston	15	Gaudeamus Pariter (see Ave Virgo Virginum)	11
Bradbury	15	Gelobt Sei Gott	42
Bread of Life	15	Geneva	43
Bryn Calfaria	15	Genevan 42 (see Psalm 42)	117
Bunessian	16	Germany	44
Caithness	18	Gift of Love	45
Canonbury	18	Gloria	45
Cantad Al Señor	18	Go Down, Moses	46
Canto De Esperanza	19	Go Tell It on the Mountain	46
Carol	19	Gräfenberg (see Nun Danket All' Und Bringet Ehr')	101
Charlestown	19	Greensleeves	47
Chereponi	19	Grosser Gott	48
Christe Sanctorum	19	Hamburg	49
Christmas	20	Hanover	51
Christus, Der Ist Mein Leben	20	Helmsley	53
Conditor Alme Siderum	20	Hendon	53
Converse	20	Here I Am, Lord	54
Coronation	20	Herzlich Tut Mich Verlangen (see Passion Chorale)	111
Cradle Song	21	Herzliebster Jesu	54
Cranham	21	Hesperus (see Quebec)	119
Crimond	21	Holy Manna	55
Crucifer	21	Hsuan P'ing	56
Crusaders' Hymn/St. Elizabeth	22	Hyfrydol	56
CWM Rhondda	23	Hymn to Joy	58
Dakota Indian Chant (see Lacquiparle)	70	In Babilone	60
Darwall's 148th	24	In Dir Ist Freude	61
Dennis	25	In Dulci Jubilo	62
Deo Gracias/Agincourt Hymn	26	Innocents	62
Dessau (see Liebster Jesu)	77	Intercessor	63
Detroit	27	Irby	63

Italian Hymn	63
Jesu, Meine Freude	64
Joanna (see St. Denio)	135
Kedron	65
King's Weston	65
Kings of the Orient	65
Kingsfold	67
Kremser	68
Kum Ba Yah	69
Lacquiparle	70
Lafferty	70
Lancashire	71
Land of Rest	72
Lasst Uns Erfreuen	73
Lauda Anima	75
Laudes Domini	76
Leoni	77
Liebster Jesu	77
Llanfair	78
Llangloffan	78
Lobe Den Herren	79
Lord of the Dance	81
Lyons	82
Madrid	83
Marion	85
Maryton	87
Materna	88
Mc Kee	88
Melita	89
Mendelssohn	89
Merle's Tune	90
Merrial	90
Message	91
Mit Freuden Zart	91
Monkland	94
More Love to Thee	94
Morecambe	94
Moscow (see Italian Hymn)	63
Mueller (see Away in a Manger)	12
Munich	95
National Hymn	96
Neander	96
Nettleton	96
Neumark (see Wer Nur Den Lieben Gott)	179
New Britain (see Amazing Grace)	4
Nicaea	97
Nun Dunket	98
Nun Danket All' Und Bringet Ehr'/Grafenberg)	101
Nun Komm, Der Heiden Heiland	102
Nuremburg (see Liebster Jesu)	77
Nyland	102
O Filii Et Filiae	102
O Haupt Voll Blut Und Wunden (see Passion Chorale)	111
O How I Love Jesus	103
O Mensch Bewein (see Old 113th)	105
O Perfect Love (see Perfect Love)	114
O Quanta Qualia	103
O Sing to the Lord	105
O Store Gud	105
Old 112th (see Vater Unser)	168
Old 113th	105
Old 124th	106
Old 134th (see St. Michael)	143
Old Hundredth	107
Old Rugged Cross (see The Old Rugged Cross)	163
Olivet	108
Omni Die	108
Open My Eyes	108
Ora Labora	109
Pass Me Not	110
Passion Chorale/Herzlich Tut Mich Verlangen	111
Pentecost (Boyd)	113
Perfect Love	114
Personent Hodie	114
Pescador De Hombres	114
Petra (see Redhead 76)	121
Picardy	116
Plainfield	116
Praise My Soul (see Lauda Anima)	75
Precious Lord	116
Precious Name	117
Promise	117
Promised Land	117
Promises	117
Psalm 42	117
Puer Nobis Nascitur	118
Pues Si Vivimos (see Somos Del Señor)	155
Quebec	119
Rathbun	119
Ratisbon	120
Redhead 76	121
Regent Square	121
Regnator Orbis (see O Quanta Qualia)	103
Repton	122
Resignation	123
Rest	124
Rhosymedre	126
Richmond	126
Rockingham	127
Rockingham Old (see Rockingham)	127
Roeder	128
Rosas	129
Royal Oak	129
Russian Hymn	129
Rustington	130
St. Agnes	131
St. Anne	132
St. Bride	133
St. Catherine	133
St. Christopher	134
St. Clement	135
St. Columba	135
St. Denio/Joanna	135
St Elizabeth/Crusader's Hymn/Schönster Herr Jesu	136
St. Flavian	137
St. George's Windsor	137

St. Gertrude	140
St. Kevin	141
St. Louis	141
St. Magnus	142
St. Margaret	142
St. Michael	143
St. Peter	143
St. Petersburg	144
St. Theodulph/Valet Will Ich Dir Geben	144
St. Thomas	147
Salve Festa Dies	147
Salzburg	148
Sandon	148
Schönster Herr Jesu (see St. Elizabeth)	136
Schumann	149
Shalom, Chaverim!	149
Sicilian Mariners	151
Sine Nomine	152
Slane	153
Solid Rock (see The Solid Rock)	163
Somos del Señor	155
Song 1	156
Southwell	156
Spanish Hymn (see Madrid)	83
Splendor (see Puer nobis nascitur)	118
Stille Nacht	157
Stuttgart	158
Sursum corda (Smith)	158
Tallis' Canon	158
Tallis' Ordinal	159
Terra Beata	159
The First Noel	161
The Gift of Love (see Gift of Love)	45
The Old Rugged Cross	163
The Solid Rock	163
Toa-Sia	164
Ton-y-Botel (see Ebenezer)	33
Toplady	164
Toulon	165
Trentham	166
Truro	167
Unser Herrscher	168
Valet Will Ich Dir Geben (see St. Theodulph)	144
Vater Unser	168
Veni Emmanuel	168
Victory	169
Vom Himmel hoch	170
Vruechten	170
W Żłobie Leży	171
Wachet Auf	172
Wareham	175
Was Gott tut	176
Webb	177
Wellesley	179
Wer Nur Den Lieben Gott	179
Westminster Abbey	180
What a Friend (see Converse)	20
When Jesus Wept	182
Wie lieblich ist der Maien	182
Wie Schön Leuchtet	183
Winchester New	183
Winchester Old	184
Wondrous Love	185
Woodworth	186
Words of Life	186
Worgan	187
Yigdal (see Leoni)	77

THE COMPLETE INDEX to
The Creative Church Musician Series by Hal H. Hopson

<u>HYMNTUNE</u>	<u>CHOIR</u>	<u>DESCANT</u>	<u>HANDBELLS</u>	<u>INSTRUMENTS</u>	<u>ORGAN</u>
A la ru	19			2	
Abbey	221				
Abbot's Leigh	132	10	61	2	2
Aberystwyth	116, 205	11	72	2	2
Acceptance	97				
Adeste fideles		12	78	3	2
Adoro te devote	63		97		
African-American spiritual	84		47		
Agape	67				
Agincourt <i>see:</i> Deo Gracias					
All Is Well	166	13		5	3
Allein Gott in der Höh				5	3
Alleluia No. 1	26		46		
Amazing Grace/New Britain	27	14	14, 46	7	4
America	137	14		9	5
Amstein	179				
Amsterdam	163				
Anderson	84				
Angel's Song		15	80	9	6
Anniversary Song	211				
Annunciation	201				
Antioch	119	15	8, 29, 73	9	6
Ar hyd y nos	60, 67, 73, 79			11	6
Arfon	174				
Argentina/Canto de Esperanza				13	7
Arlington	27				
Arnsberg/Wunderbarer König	75, 78				
Ascended Triumph	203				
Ascension	194				
Ash Grove	125				
Assurance	39				8
Auch jetzt macht Gott	105				
Aurelia	180	16	94	13	9
Aus der Tiefe rufe ich		16	68	15	11
Austria/Austrian Hymn	72	17	61	15	11
Authority	171				
Ave virgo virginum	58	17	58	72	11
Away in a Manger/Mueller	35	17		17	12
Azmon	142	17	79	18	12
Ballad	185				
Balm in Gilead	194				
Bancroft	194				
Baronita	97				
Battle Hymn of the Republic	135	18	93	19	13
Beach Spring	132, 203		14, 64		
Beck	97				
Beecher	134	18		19	13
Beginnings	196				
Benediction	188				
Beng Li	67				
Benifold	176				
Bereden väg för Herran	164		30, 90	20	14
Besancon	159		87		
Blaenwern	67				
Blantyre	179				
Boundless Mercy	54	19	14, 52	20	14
Bourbon	178				
Boylston		19		21	15

THE COMPLETE INDEX to
The Creative Church Musician Series by Hal H. Hopson

<u>HYMNTUNE</u>	<u>CHOIR</u>	<u>DESCANT</u>	<u>HANDBELLS</u>	<u>INSTRUMENTS</u>	<u>ORGAN</u>
Bradbury	167			22	15
Bread of Life	44			23	15
Bridegroom	70, 129, 139				
Brother James' Air	75, 188				
Bryn Calfaria	130	19	64	24	15
Bunessan	136	20	77	25	16
Burleigh	139				
Caithness	51, 187	22		25	18
Canonbury	131	22	75	25	18
Cantad al Señor	151		50	26	18
Canto de Esperanza <i>see:</i> Argentina					
Canterbury	63, 100				
Carol	113	22	72	27	19
Chapman	113				
Charlestown	26, 65			29	19
Chereponi	114			29	19
Christe Sanctorum	64	22	57	30	19
Christmas		23		32	20
Christmas Song	194				
Christus, der ist mein Leben	20, 55	23		32	20
Church Triumphant	180				
Complainier	241				
Conditor alme siderum	60		14, 54	32	20
Consolator	57				
Converse	210			32	20
Coronation	22	24	45	33	20
Cradle Song				34	21
Cranham	112			35	21
Creation	60				
Crimond	188, 189	24	96	35	21
Cross of Jesus	67				
Crucifer	128	25	75	36	21
Crusader's Hymn/St. Elizabeth	63	25	57	37	22
Cwm Rhondda	89	26	25, 51, 58	38	23
Dakota Indian Chant <i>see:</i> Lacquiparle		63			
Darwall/Darwall's 148th	37	27	8, 53, 90	39	24
Das neugeborne Kindelein	85				
Dennis	14	27	49	41	25
Deo Gracias/Aigcourt	145			42	26
Dessau <i>see:</i> Liebster Jesu					
Desmond	124				
Detroit	68	28		44	27
Deus Tuorum Militum	178				27
Dexter	62			44	27
Diadem		29		45	27
Diademata	60	30	55	47	27
Dickinson College	180				
Divinum mysterium	155		14, 85	48	29
Dix	33, 65	30	16, 58	49	29
Dominus regit me	188				
Donata	176				
Donne secours	100				
Doye of Peace	105		70	51	30
Down Ampney	52			51	30
Duke Street	117	31	29, 57, 58	51	31
Dundee	76	31			
Dunlap's Creek	67				
Earth and All Stars	62		56		
Easter Hymn	49	31	8, 51	52	32

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THE COMPLETE INDEX to
The Creative Church Musician Series by Hal H. Hopson

<u>HYMNTUNE</u>	<u>CHOIR</u>	<u>DESCANT</u>	<u>HANDBELLS</u>	<u>INSTRUMENTS</u>	<u>ORGAN</u>
Ebenezer	53	33		58	33
Ein' feste Burg	19	35		60	34
Ellacombe	101	37	16, 22, 68	36	36
Ellers	167	38		62	36
Engelberg	214	38	100	62	37
Ermuntre dich				64	
Es flog ein Kleins Waldvöglein	71	60			38
Es ist ein' Ros'	129			66	38
Evan	188	38		66	38
Eventide	20	38		67	38
Faithfulness	87	39		68	39
Farewell, Dear Friends <i>see:</i> Shalom, Chaverim!					
Festal Song	71	39		68	39
Festival Canticle	198				
Finlandia	36				
Flemming	78				
For the Bread	67				
Forest Green	21	40	44	69	40
Foundation	102	41	14, 19, 27, 69	71	41
Frankfort <i>see:</i> Wie schon Leuchtet					
French Carol	140				
Freu dich sehr <i>see:</i> Psalm 42	59	88		73	
Gabriel's Message	180				
Galilee	115				
Gardiner <i>see:</i> Germany					
Gaudeamus pariter <i>see:</i> Ave virgo virginum					
Gelobt sei Gott	83	43	65	73	42
Geneva	98			74	43
Genevan 42 <i>see:</i> Psalm 42					
Genevan 47	159				
Germany	178, 180			75	44
Gift of Love	200			76	45
Gloria	31	43	47	77	45
Glory	187		96		
Go Down, Moses	215				46
Go, Tell It	73	45	17, 28, 61		46
God Be With You	74				
Grafenberg <i>see:</i> Nun danket all' und bringet Ehr'					
Grand Isle	107				
Greensleeves	210	46	102	79	47
Grosser/Gott	78, 98	48		80	48
Guide My Feet	89		66		
Hall	178				
Hallelujah, What a Savior!	134				
Hamburg	213	49	6, 102	81	49
Hancock	60				
Hankey	107				
Hanover	221	49	90, 105	83	51
Hanson Place	169				
Happy Day	144				
He Is Lord	92				
He Leadeth Me	95				
Heinlein	68	50		15	
Heleluyan	96				
Helmsley	129	50	93	84	53
Hendon	34, 177	51	93	85	53
Here I Am, Lord	97			86	54
Herr, ich habe Misgehandelt	73				
Herzlich tut mich verlangen/Passion Chorale	148		82	86	

THE COMPLETE INDEX to
The Creative Church Musician Series by Hal H. Hopson

<u>HYMNTUNE</u>	<u>CHOIR</u>	<u>DESCANT</u>	<u>HANDBELLS</u>	<u>INSTRUMENTS</u>	<u>ORGAN</u>
Herzliebster Jesu	20	51	5	86	54
Hesperus <i>see:</i> Quebec					
Holiness	178				
Holy Manna	80	52		87	55
Horsley	68	52			
Hsuan P'ing				88	56
Humility	168				
Hyfrydol	26, 134	53	46	89	56
Hymn to Joy	120	54	25, 74	91	58
I Am the Bread of Life	105				
I Want to Be a Christian	130				
Il Est Né	92				
In Babilone	90	54		93	60
In dir ist Freude				94	61
In dulci jubilo	83	55	19, 30, 65	95	62
Innocents	32	57		96	62
Intercessor	45			96	63
Irby	68, 156	57	86	96	63
Isla del encanto	69		59	97	
Israeli Folk melody	187				
Italian Hymn	56	57	28, 49, 53	97	63
Jacob's Ladder	205				
Jefferson		58			
Jerusalem	142			99	
Jesu dulcis memoria	118			99	
Jesu meine, Freude	117			99	64
Jesus Loves Me	117			101	
Joanna <i>see:</i> St. Denio					
Jewish Melody			49		
Judas Maccabeus	195	59	98	102	
Julion	81				
Jungst	102				
Kas Dziedaja				104	
Kastaak	143				
Kedron	60, 76, 176			104	65
Kelvingrove	220				
King's Lynn	45				
King's Weston	35			104	65
Kingdom	67				
Kings of Orient	208			105	65
Kingsfold	150	60	15, 20, 34, 84	107	67
Kremser	206	61		108	68
Kum Ba Yah	121	61		110	69
Lacquiparle	135	63	76	111	70
Lafferty	168		91	111	70
Lancashire	123	64	74	112	71
Land of Rest	106	65	129	113	72
Langley	178				
Lasst uns erfreuen	21	66	44	114	73
Landa Anima	162	67	88	116	75
Laudate Dominum	70	68	60		
Laudes Domini	126, 216	68	103	117	76
Lauds	194				
Le Cantique de Simeon	142				
Lemmel	202				
Leoni	59		62, 95	119	77
Let Us Break Bread	127				
Liebster Jesu	42			120	77
Lift Every Voice	128			120	

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THE COMPLETE INDEX to
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<u>HYMNTUNE</u>	<u>CHOIR</u>	<u>DESCANT</u>	<u>HANDBELLS</u>	<u>INSTRUMENTS</u>	<u>ORGAN</u>
Light of the World	105				
Linstead	127		75		
Living God	176				
Llanfair	50	69	72	121	78
Llangloffan	142	69	80	122	78
Lobe den Herren	163	69	89	123	79
Lord of the Dance	106		28, 70	125	81
Lord, Revive Us	195				
Love Unknown	139				
Lyons	154	71	85	127	82
Madrid	52	72	17, 19, 20, 51	128	83
Manna	177				
Many Names	77				
Marching to Zion	208				
Margaret	200				
Marion	166	73	17, 90	129	85
Marlee	62				
Martha's Song		74			
Martin	81				
Martyrdom	21			130	
Mary's Child	44				
Maryton	147	74	81	130	87
Materna	30		78	131	88
McKee	111	74		132	88
Melita	63	74		132	89
Mendelssohn	91	75	26, 67	133	89
Mendon	52, 207	75			
Merle's Tune	103	76	70	135	90
Merrial	140	76		135	90
Message	210			135	91
Michael	23, 78				
Mighty Savior	49				
Mit Freuden zart	173	76	92	136	91
Monkland	128	77	75	138	94
Moon Beams	212				
More Love To Thee				139	94
Morecambe	175	77		140	94
Morning Hymn/Morning Song	139, 145	77			
Morning Star	45, 75				
Moscow see: Italian Hymn					
Mowsley	51	77			
Mueller see: Away In a Manger					
Munich	153		86	141	95
National Anthem				143	
National Hymn	78	78	64	146	96
Neander/Unser Herrscher	108	79		146	96
Need	107				
Need of Prayer	177				
Nettleton	57	79			96
Neumark/Wer nur den lieben Gott	108	79			
New Britain/Amazing Grace	27, 28	79	14, 46	147	4
New England			104		
Nicaea	99	80	68	148	97
Noel Nouvelet	140				
Normandy	76				
Now	140				
Nueva Creacion	203				
Nun Danket	140	81	78	149	98
Nun Danket all' und bringet Ehr'				151	101

THE COMPLETE INDEX to
The Creative Church Musician Series by Hal H. Hopson

HYMNTUNE	CHOIR	DESCANT	HANDBELLS	INSTRUMENTS	ORGAN
Nun komm, der Heiden Heiland	168			152	102
Nuremburg <i>see:</i> Liebster Jesu					
Nyland	63, 145			152	102
O Filii et Filiae	152	82	84	152	102
O Haupt voll Blut und Wunden <i>see:</i> Passion Chorale					
O, How I Love Jesus	194			152	103
O Mensch bewein <i>see:</i> Old 113th					
O Perfect Love	147	83	49	152	114
O Quanta Qualia	132	83		153	103
O Sing to the Lord <i>see:</i> Cantad al Señor					
O Stere Gud	103			154	105
O Waly Waly/Gift of Love	200			76	45
Ode to Joy	120	54	25, 74	91	58
Old 112th <i>see:</i> Vater unser					
Old 113th	109	84		155	105
Old 124th	63		77	156	106
Old 134th <i>see:</i> St. Michael					
Old Hundredth	24	84, 85	45	157, 158	107
Old Rugged Cross <i>see:</i> The Old Rugged Cross					
Olivet	138		77	159	108
Omni Die	67, 134			160	108
One Bread, One Body	156				
Open My Eyes	157			160	108
Ora Labora				161	109
Pass It On	159				
Pass Me Not	159			163	110
Passion Chorale/Herzlich tut mich verlangen	148	86	82	165	111
Peace Like A River	113				
Penitent	177				
Pentecost (Boyd)				167	113
Perfect Love	147	86		168	114
Personent hodie	156		20, 86	169	114
Pescador de hombres	133			169	114
Petra <i>see:</i> Redhead 76					
Picardy	124	87	20, 74	170	116
Pilot				172	
Plainfield				172	116
Pleading Savior	51, 67				
Posada	82				
Praise, My Soul <i>see:</i> Lauda Anima					
Precious Lord	164			172	116
Precious Name	164, 178			172	117
Promise	112			172	117
Promised Land	155			173	117
Promised One	187				
Promises	177			173	117
Psalm 42/Geneva42/Freu dich sehr	59	88		173	117
Puer nobis nascitur	180, 202	89	85, 93	175	118
Pues si vivimos <i>see:</i> Somos Del Señor					
Purpose	76				
Quebec	118, 208	89	73	176	119
Randolph	74				
Rathbun	113	89	72	176	119
Ratisbon	206	89	51	178	120
Redeemer	203				
Redhead 76	74	89	18	178	121
Regent Square	30, 48, 62	89	47	179	121
Regnator orbis <i>see:</i> O Quanta Qualia					
Rendez à Dieu	44				

THE COMPLETE INDEX to
The Creative Church Musician Series by Hal H. Hopson

<u>HYMNTUNE</u>	<u>CHOIR</u>	<u>DESCANT</u>	<u>HANDBELLS</u>	<u>INSTRUMENTS</u>	<u>ORGAN</u>
Repton	62	90		181	122
Resignation	139	90		182	123
Rest	61		56	183	124
Revive Us Again	207				
Rhosymedre	139, 158	90		185	126
Richmond	42, 90	90		186	126
Rockingham/Rockingham Old	32, 76, 214	90	47	187	127
Roeder			64	188	128
Rosas	128			188	129
Royal Oak		91	19, 43	189	129
Russian Hymn	50			190	129
Rustington	38, 67, 79, 158, 219	92		191	130
St. Agnes	90	92	52, 66, 73	192	131
St. Anne	60, 143	93	33, 80, 87	193	132
St. Bride	71	93	61	194	133
St. Catherine	63, 118	93	57, 73	194	133
St. Christopher	37			196	134
St. Clement	182, 220	93		197	135
St. Columba	188, 221	93	96	197	135
St. Denio/Joanna	65	93	45, 71	198	135
St. Drostane	167	94	91		
St. Dunstan's	26				
St. Elizabeth/Crusader's Hymn/Schonster Herr Jesu	63	94	57	199	136
St. Flavian	36, 132	94		200	137
St. George's Windsor	58	94	54	201	137
St. Gertrude	156		59	203	140
St. Kevin	57	94	53	206	141
St. Louis	145	95	81	207	141
St. Magnus	187, 207	95		209	142
St. Margaret	146	95		210	142
St. Michael	141	95	79	211	143
St. Patrick/St. Patrick's Breastplate	105				
St. Peter	111-112, 219	95	71, 104	212	143
St. Petersburg	37, 84, 139	95		213	144
St. Theodulph/Valet will ich dir geben	22	96	45	213	144
St. Thomas	106, 167	97	16, 53, 71	215	147
Salve festa dies		97	66	217	147
Salve regina coelitum	220				
Salzburg	175	97	68	222	148
Sandon	77, 202		63	222	148
Schmücke dich	84				
Schönster Herr Jesu <i>see:</i> Crusader's Hymn					
Schumann	207			222	149
Shalom, Chaverim!	170	98		222	149
Sharphorne	211				
Shepherd's Pipes	62				
Shimpri	220				
Shine	171				
Showalter	124				
Sicilian Mariners	75, 116, 130	98		224	151
Simple Gifts <i>see:</i> Lord of the Dance					
Sine Nomine	65		58	225	152
Slane	36		15, 48	227	153
Sojourner	108				
Solid Rock <i>see:</i> The Solid Rock					
Something For Jesus	168				
Somos del Señor	218			228	155
Somos uno	208				
Song 1				229	156

THE COMPLETE INDEX to
The Creative Church Musician Series by Hal H. Hopson

<u>HYMNTUNE</u>	<u>CHOIR</u>	<u>DESCANT</u>	<u>HANDBELLS</u>	<u>INSTRUMENTS</u>	<u>ORGAN</u>
Song 13/Canterbury	64, 72, 100				
Southwell	96, 131	98		229	156
Spanish Hymn <i>see:</i> Madrid					
Spirit, Spirit of Gentleness	175				
Splendour <i>see:</i> Puer nobis nascitur					
Stand By Me	177				
Steal Away	177				
Stille Nacht	171	99	92	229	157
Stories of Jesus	179				
Stuttgart	32, 45, 53, 57, 76, 147	99	53, 81	230	158
Sufferer			67		
Sursum corda (Smith)	55				158
Sweet Hour	177				
Sweet, Sweet Spirit	177				
Swing Low	177				
Tallis' Canon	60, 62, 73			231	158
Tallis' Ordinal	53, 201			232	159
Tempus adest floridum	70		19, 26, 60		
Tenderness	201				
Terra beata/Terra patris	68, 76, 78, 87, 102, 197		15, 31, 99	232	159
The Ash Grove	125				
The First Nowell	182	100	95	233	161
The Lord's Day/This Is The Day	198				
The Old Rugged Cross	190			235	163
The Solid Rock/Solid Rock	191			235	163
This Is The Day	198				
Thompson	174				
Three Kings of Orient/Kings of Orient	208		100	105	65
Tidings	154	101			
To God Be the Glory	201				
Toa-Sia	74			237	164
Ton-y-botel <i>see:</i> Ebenezer					
Toplady	167			237	164
Torah Song/Yisrael V'oraita	158				
Toulon	78, 106	101		238	165
Trentham	45	101	49	239	166
Truro	47, 129, 176	101	50, 75, 91	240	167
Trust and Obey	202				
Trust in Jesus	201				
Trusting Jesus	202				
Tryggare kan ingen vara	46	102			
Une jeune pucelle	202		20, 99		
Union Seminary	62				
Unser Herrscher	157-158	102	87, 91	242	168
Valet will ich dir geben	22	102	45	241	144
Yater unser/Old 112th		102		241	168
Veni Creator Spiritus			14, 52		
Veni Emmanuel	141		14, 79		168
Venite adoremus	190		97		
Vexilla Regis	190				
Vicar	100				
Victory	191	102	97	243	169
Ville du Havre	113				
Vineyard Haven	166	102			
Vom Himmel hoch	70				170
Vruechten	199	102	48	245	170
W Zlobie Lëzy	113	102		247	171
Wachet auf	174, 203			248	172
Wareham	32, 52, 60, 84	102	47, 66, 84, 93	251	175

THE COMPLETE INDEX to
The Creative Church Musician Series by Hal H. Hopson

<u>HYMNTUNE</u>	<u>CHOIR</u>	<u>DESCANT</u>	<u>HANDBELLS</u>	<u>INSTRUMENTS</u>	<u>ORGAN</u>
Was Gott tut	143				176
Webb	177			253	177
Weisse Flaggen			104		
Wellesley	195	102		254	179
Wellspring	208				
Wenn in Leindenstagen	73				
Wer nur den lieben Gott	108	103		255	179
Were You There	209		101		
Westminster Abbey	49	103		256	180
What a Friend <i>see:</i> Converse					
When Jesus Wept	215		22, 103	258	182
Wie lieblich ist der Maien	174, 201			259	182
Wie schön leuchtet	147	104		259	183
Winchester New	155, 201	104	100	260	183
Winchester Old	52, 75, 103, 220, 222	104	62, 77, 104	261	184
Wir Pflügen	207				
Wondrous Love	212		102	262	185
Woodlands	179				
Woodworth	120			263	186
Words of Life	221				186
Worgan <i>see:</i> Easter Hymn					
Yarnton	205				
Yigdal <i>see:</i> Leoni					
Yisrael V'oraita <i>see:</i> Torah Song					

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